

S. A. L. Discontinues Four Georgia Trains Because of Strike

Shipments of Melons and
Other Perishables From
Georgia Will Probably
Cease Soon.

STATIONARY FIREMEN TO JOIN IN STRIKE

While Cabinet Discusses
Situation Optimistically,
Hooper Meets Union
Leaders in Vain.

America, Ga., July 14.—(Special.)—First effects of the nation-wide strike of shopmen were felt here today in an announcement by H. M. Sellars, agent of the Seaboard Air Line here, that trains Nos. 15, 16, 17 and 18 on that road would be discontinued effective Sunday, July 17. The announcement caused some pessimism among those here who had hoped the end of the strike was near.

The trains proposed to be discontinued are important trade trains affecting Cordele, Americus, Columbus and intermediate points, the trains operating daily between Columbus and Helena, and being known as the Seaboard Shoo Fly.

With these trains discontinued there will remain only one passenger train daily on the Seaboard lines between Savannah and Montgomery. Freight trains on the line so far as the public knows continue to operate on schedule with only ordinary road delays.

MELON SHIPMENTS ENDANGERED.

Macon, Ga., July 14.—(Special.)—Railroads today began withdrawing their solicitors from Georgia, where they have for some time been seeking the fruit and melon business of this territory. This, according to the watermelon growers, means that not a watermelon will be moved outside of Georgia if the strike of railroad shopmen continues another week. In fact, shipments may be cut off before that time.

The first delay to perishables, since the strike began, occurred today, according to shippers. Connecting lines are in trouble, it appears, and with locomotives going out of commission the shippers see little chance to continue to force the perishables through the markets.

Most of the markets are congested with melons, anyway, but if railroad service should continue open for a few days, there will be natural heavy stamp in shipments. This information came today not only from the independent shippers, but from the offices of the Middle Georgia Melon Growers' association as well. Total shipments of Georgia melons for this season today aggregated 9,600 cars, or 150 cars over the record of last season's for the corresponding period. The Middle Georgia Melon Growers' association does not expect the total shipments for the season to exceed 11,000 cars, where early estimates had placed the season's total at as high as 25,000 cars.

OTHER WORKERS JOIN STRIKE.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 14.—Members of the American Federation of Railroad workers employed here voted tonight to join the shopmen's strike at 9 o'clock Monday morning, according to an announcement by officials of that union. The union, which has no connection with the American Federation of Labor, has a membership of 90,000.

Approximately 1,200 pipe fitters, coach repairers, painters, freight car repairers and inspectors will be affected here, the officers declare. The fact that the inspectors are included, they say, will hinder traffic at once.

CONFERENCE IS FRUITLESS.

Chicago, July 14.—(By the Associated Press.)—The conference between Chairman Ben W. Hooper, of the United States labor board and B. M. Jewell, directing the striking shopmen, ended shortly before 7 o'clock. Mr. Hooper and Mr. Jewell both refused to comment on the meeting which was also attended by Timothy Healy, president of the stationary firemen and oilers organization, who also authorized a strike of his men today.

The conference, which had lasted throughout the afternoon, apparently was without tangible results. Chairman Hooper told reporters that the meeting had discussed "the Einstein theory."

Mr. Jewell left the conference room and hurried away. Mr. Healy, when asked if an agreement had been reached, replied that "it would appear not."

While it was presumed that the matters discussed dealt with a new plan on which Mr. Hooper said yesterday he was working to end the shopmen's strike, there was no indication of the nature of the proposal.

Those Present.

Mr. Hooper went to the conference after he had talked with L. F. Lovett, president of the Delta & Hudson and T. E. Crowley, vice president of the New York Central lines. Among those who attended today's conference were:

H. J. Carr, an executive board member of the International Association

HARDING TOO BUSY IN STRIKE TANGLE FOR SENATE WORRY

President Cannot Take
Time to Discuss Plan to
Delay Legislation While
Strikes Continue.

LEADERS IN SENATE PEEVED BY SITUATION

When Lodge Goes to the
White House, Harding
Is Away on Golf Links,
Which Riles Solons.

Constitution Bureau, Raleigh Hotel.

Washington, July 14.—(By Constitution Leased Wire)—President Harding's time is too well taken up with the strike situation to discuss plans for postponing action on pending legislation, including the ship subsidy and bonus bills, as proposed by republican leaders of the senate at a recent meeting at the home of Senator Lodge, the majority leader.

This was the message delivered to newspapermen at the capitol today after Senator Lodge's visit to the White House.

The Massachusetts senator called to see the president to arrange a conference between the special senatorial committee, composed of Senators Curtis, Watson and himself, for the purpose of discussing the legislative program.

Situation Serious

President Harding, Senator Lodge said, was unwilling to consider the plan at this time, believing that the strike question is more important and demands his entire attention.

It developed after the Lodge visit that the president looks upon the strike situation as serious. While he believes that the administration forces are in a fair way of dealing with the problem, with the possibility of an early settlement, it was indicated that in the event some agreement was not forthcoming soon, drastic steps would be taken.

This would be effected by calling leaders of the two branches of congress in conference to discuss the advisability of immediately enacting legislation which would enable the government to work with full authority and with a free hand in restoring peace in the industries involved. The shippers see little chance to continue to force the perishables through the markets.

Most of the markets are congested with melons, anyway, but if railroad service should continue open for a few days, there will be natural heavy stamp in shipments. This information came today not only from the independent shippers, but from the offices of the Middle Georgia Melon Growers' association as well.

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Washington, July 14.—The American Federation of Labor stands squarely behind the striking railway shopmen and means to do everything within the law and within its power to assist the unions whose members are "fighting for the very life of their organizations," Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, said today.

Observers at the capital believe from the reports of the day that unless the strike situation offers a more optimistic outlook for settlement in the next few days, the president will be forced to look with fear on any move by the labor board to adjust these differences, he said, and in the creation of the board it was apparent that "politicians were to decide industrial questions."

Mr. Gompers said he was confident that if the railway executives and representatives of the railway workers were to meet and discuss their differences among themselves, they could reach an agreement and end the strike. He did not look with fear on any move by the labor board to adjust these differences, he said, and in the creation of the board it was apparent that "politicians were to decide industrial questions."

So long as the state authorities refuse to call on the federal government for assistance, the state, the government has no power within the law to send federal troops into the state.

Mr. Gompers scouted the idea that the striking shopmen were interfering with mail trains, adding that "when cars ordinarily intended to convey mail are being used to convey strike-breakers, then such cars come to be mail cars and I have information that this has been done and is being done now."

Mr. Gompers also asserted he held information that the interstate commerce commission was in possession of official data on the effect that strike-breakers were being illegally sent out of yards of various railroad companies for service and dangerous to the public.

Others Peeved.

There were evidences of others than Senator Lodge being peeved over the incident.

It further developed today that the anti-lynching bill, although not specifically mentioned, was included in the pending legislation to be postponed under the agreement reached by senate leaders. This measure was reported out by the senate judiciary committee recently.

Capital gossip is to the effect that the anti-lynching measure was drawn up by the judiciary committee at the special session of Senator Lodge to

LATE DEVELOPMENTS IN RAILROAD STRIKE

Chairman Lee F. Hooper, of the labor board, and B. M. Jewell, head of the striking shopmen, held a conference, but no statement regarding its bearing on peace negotiations was made.

Senator Cummins, a co-author of the transportation act, asserted that decisions of the railroad labor board were binding on both carriers and employees and could be enforced.

Secretary of War Weeks and Governor Neff of Texas, each sent representatives to Denison, Texas, to investigate the need for troops to guard the M. K. & T. R. R.

Eight thousand stationary firemen and oilers was authorized to strike July 17, by Timothy Healy, president.

E. F. Grable, head of the maintenance of way organization, left for Washington to see the president after expressing confidence that his men would not walk out.

Governor Davis, of Ohio, ordered troops held in readiness for possible duty in connection with the rail and coal strikes.

Violence of Friday in Shopmen Strike

Chicago, July 14.—Additional disorders and minor riots in the shopmen's strike area have been reported here in the past 24 hours. They include:

Chicago—Rioting in the Burnside district, which ended when one strike sympathizer was wounded by a deputy marshal and police who answered a riot call, dispersed the mob. Another crowd stoned the home of a worker, injuring his 11-year-old daughter.

Muskogee, Okla.—Disturbances occurred in which a United States marshal as kidnapped and beaten by a band of men in automobiles, and a 17-year-old worker assaulted.

Sherman, Texas—Mob threats forced temporary discontinuance of passenger service on the Texas and Pacific road between Sherman and Denison.

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Lodge Anxious

The strike of the coal miners has particularly affected the situation in New England, which is always the first territory to suffer from a coal shortage. For this reason, Senator Lodge is personally anxious. And it was suggested that Lodge concurred in the proposal to call administration leaders in conference.

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SIXTEEN DIPPING VATS DYNAMITED NEAR VALDOSTA

No Arrests Have Been
Made and Identity of
the Wreckers Is Un-
known.

COUNTY TO REBUILD ALL VATS AT ONCE

Federal Officer and Coun-
ty Tickle Eradicator Hold
Conference and Report
to State Authorities.

Valdosta, Ga., July 14.—(Special.)—Sixteen dipping vats were dynamited in Lowndes county late last night and early this morning. State authorities in Atlanta have been advised of the situation by Dr. S. J. Horne, federal eradicator officer, and Dr. T. H. Applewhite, state officer of this county.

After twelve vats had been reported wrecked this morning, an investigation disclosed that four more also had been dynamited. No arrests have been made.

The vats destroyed were those along the Echols county and the Florida line, but all in Lowndes county. The object of the wreckers seems to have been to blow up all vats in this vicinity so as to stop all dipping.

Cover Large Territory.

Therefore, where one or more vats were destroyed, the cattle owners were required to drive their cattle to the nearest tank for dipping. The destruction last night and this morning covering such a large territory, makes the driving of cattle to other vats impracticable and checks the work in this immediate vicinity until vats can be rebuilt.

Dr. Horne arrived in Valdosta today and learned of the wholesale destruction immediately. He and Dr. Applewhite held a consultation and after getting a full report, communicated with state authorities in Atlanta. Just what action will be taken is not known. However, it is said the vats will be rebuilt as usual and dipping resumed.

Prolonged Dipping Period.

The dynamiting of such a large number of vats in Lowndes county came as a complete surprise, as the tick eradication work in this county was practically completed. With the completion of this season's dipping the county would have been declared tick-free.

The work of the lawless element last night will necessarily prolong the period of dipping, besides causing the county considerable expense in replacing the vats. It is not known whether the dynamiters were residents of Lowndes or one of the adjoining counties.

Governor Ready to Act When Asked.

Declaring that he could take no official action towards calling out the state militia unless he was asked to do so by county officials or, unless he was informed by the sheriff or judge of the superior court that the situation was beyond their control, Governor Hardwick, stated Friday night that he was powerless to relieve the situation in Lowndes county, where 16 cattle dipping vats were reported dynamited.

It is understood that the sheriff or judge of the superior court of Lowndes county will be up held Friday by the supreme court, although a dissenting opinion was written by Judge J. K. Hines.

Company Reorganized.

In 1914 the Masons' annuity, which is one of the largest Masonic insurance companies in the south, was reorganized and policyholders were divided into two classes, "A" and "B." About two years ago funds for "class B" policyholders became exhausted and the question arose as to whether the company could pay "class B" claims out of "class A" money. The suit was brought to decide this question, and in the entire litigation there was no question as to the honesty of officials of the company in their administration of affairs.

It was learned that in some states it has been held that the money in the fund of one class could be used to pay the claims in another class, and in some states it has been ruled that no such payments could be made. The question was decided for the first time in Georgia in the case handed down Friday.

To Ask Rehearing.

Attorneys Little, Powell, Smith & Goldstein, representing the Masons, filed a motion in the circuit court for a rehearing in the case next week before the supreme court. The plaintiffs were represented by Reuben R. Lowry, Arnold, John S. & Ralph McClelland, A. H. Davis & John K. Mullard, of Brunswick, are both candidates for the state school supervisor and the soft drink tax bill, can be taken up. The measure providing for the income tax does not go into effect until 1924, but it is planned to have it go into effect as soon as possible.

The Trustees.

The trustees in attendance at the meeting were: Governor Thomas W. Hardwick, ex-Governor Nat E. Harris, ex-Governor Joseph M. Brown, N. P. Pratt, J. F. Akers, John W. Grant and L. W. Robert, Jr., all of Atlanta; R. E. Hodges and Hugh M. Rowe, of Athens; George H.

THE GROCERY PRICES ON THESE PAGES ARE FINAL....

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Where Satisfaction is a certainty

For Saturday—New
IRISH COBBLERS 10 Lbs. **27c**
 No. 10 Pail
SNOWDRIFT **\$1.23**

Underwood's Red Devil Sardines, can	10c
Underwood's Olivia Brand Sardines, can	15c
Underwood's Mustard Sardines, can	8c
Underwood's Deviled Ham, small size	19c
Underwood's Deviled Tongue, small size	19c
Underwood's Simplify Codfish Cakes, can	14c
Dupont Boneless Sardines, can	23c
Golden Net Boneless Sardines, can	23c

Colgate's Octagon Soap, Large Cake **5¹/₄c**

3 CARLOADS
GEORGIA

Watermelons

To Sell at

9c

2 CARLOADS
GEORGIA

Watermelons

To Sell at

12c

Ridgway's Teas Are Best

You will appreciate a glass of ICED TEA these hot Summer days, if made with RIDGWAY'S. Try it.

Orange Label, 1/4 lb. 21c	Silver Label . . 1/4 lb. 24c
Orange Label, 1/2 lb. 37c	Silver Label . . 1/2 lb. 47c
Green Label . . 1/4 lb. 18c	Gold Label . . 1/4 lb. 26c
Green Label . . 1/2 lb. 34c	Gold Label . . 1/2 lb. 51c

Fancy California Lemons **19c**
 Dozen

New Pack	ASPARAGUS
Libby's Green Tips, can	35c
Libby's White Tips, can	40c
Del Monte Green Tips, can	35c
Del Monte White Tips, can	40c
Del Monte White Tips, Picnic Size	23c

Summer Beverages

Welch's Grape Juice—Quart	57c	Red Rock Ginger Ale—Pint	12¹/₂c
Welch's Grape Juice—Pint	31c	Veribest Beverage, Bottle	10c
Welch's Grape Juice—Small size	11c	Assorted Bottle Drinks	5c

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Where Satisfaction is a certainty

cept the arbitration offers at least conditionally.
Production Slump.
 Meanwhile a geological survey reported today a sharp drop in coal production since the strike. The railroad labor troubles, which have shut off almost completely one or two of the non-union areas and crippled car supply in others, is held responsible. The survey estimates that consumption

fixing the total output the week of July 4, at 3,650,000 tons, while for the present week, the figures are not expected to be above four million tons.

This compares with a high point of 5,500,000 tons reached by non-union production since the strike. The railroad labor troubles, which have shut off almost completely one or two of the non-union areas and crippled car supply in others, is held responsible. The survey estimates that consumption

is about eight million tons of bituminous coal per week.

Union coal operators, who are

discuss means of curbing mounting

coal prices in some sections was post-

poned until the early part of next

week.

HARDING TOO BUSY FOR SENATE WORRY

Continued from First Page.

satisfy the negroes in Massachusetts. Senator Lodge is said to be at heart against the bill, believing, as do almost all members of the committee, that the measure is unconstitutional and would never stand the scrutiny of the supreme court. Political observers do not believe the bill will come near passage, while many hold that it will never be considered.

Report Slated?
 Senator Harding, who was designated by the committee to draw up the formal report, appears to have relinquished his determination to file a complete statement on the proposed legislation.

Announcement of his plan to do so caused a riot of fear at the time among republicans, who saw in the California senator's move something filled with political promise. Senator Shortridge, it is understood, was secretly solicited to discard his plan, which he appears to have done, as the report, although announced to appear last Monday, has not been presented yet.

In the meantime, the disposition of the legislative program is assured of further delay until the fall election. It may be that President Harding is awaiting information from the country as to the sentiment for or against cutting short consideration of bills which were chief planks in the republican platform in 1920 campaign. He fears, it is said, that criticism will be made that the administration has not fulfilled pledges concerning legislation.

He is also using the strike situation to maneuver for time. Hopes of his opponent, however, have not been dissipated by republican leaders.

YOUNG'S MARKET
 45 E. HUNTER ST.
 Phone Main 2186

No. 10 Pure Lard	\$1.25
Picnic Hams	20c
Country Style Smoked Bacon	20c
Try our Pork Sausage	25c

Stewart D. Jones
 17 E. MITCHELL ST.

Pink Meat
Cantaloupes, crate 49c
WHILE THEY LAST

Pints Logan
Berry Juice 10c

No. 2 Can New
Pack Corn 10c

10 Lbs. Pure
Lard \$1.28

Postell's Elegant
Flour \$1.48

We Sell SKINNER'S
the highest grade Macaroni;
Spaghetti, Egg Noodles and
other Macaroni Products.

KENNY'S

25 Lbs. Granulated
Sugar 1.82

Finest Teas and Coffees
Brought to This Country

Cheon Tea, 60c Lb.

Ceylon Tea, 70c Lb.

Orange Pekoe, 80c
Lb.

COFFEE

TRY ICED COFFEE
Kenny's Special Blend
High-grade
Coffee 35c

3 for \$1.00

OTHER COFFEES

20c to 45c Pound

WE DELIVER

Phone Main 559

C. D. Kenny Co.
5 S. BROAD ST.

Empire Coffee

Clears Your Head
For the Day's Work

There's Nothing Finer

Blended
For
People
Who
Demand
The
Best



Order While You Think of It

McCord-Stewart Co.

Coffee Roasters
Atlanta Rome

Opposite
Hotel
Ansley

McIntyre Bros.

Formerly 23 South Broad St.

Atlanta's New Market

The House of Better Quality Western Meats and Fancy Green Groceries

Fancy, Fat,
Home-Dressed **Friers 35c**
Selected
Dressed **Hens 27c**

Buehler Bros.

Loin Steak	20c	Veal Steaks	5c	Dressed Fries	38c
Shoulder Steak	20c	Broccoli	28c	Picnic Hams	20c
Tender Steak	10c	Perk Chops	22 ¹ / ₂ c	Ham	20c
Rib Steak	5c	Shoulders	17c	Lamb	25c
Roast	10c	Lamb	12 ¹ / ₂ c	No. 10 Pure Lard	\$1.40
Rump	15c	Brisket	15c	No. 5 Pure Lard	.75c
Veal Chops	12 ¹ / ₂ c	Stew	10c	Meat	.14c
Veal Shoulders	10c	Beef	28c	Bacon	.30c

PHONE MAIN 3938 FOR SERVICE

114 Whitehall



"As I Was
Saying to
My Wife—
—And she agrees
with me—

"There isn't any
better bread baked
than

"LONGINO'S

320 PONCE DE LEON AVE.—AT BOULEVARD

National MARKET

35 East Alabama St.
Main 6181

46 North Pryor St.
Opposite Lowry Bank

PURE LARD
OR
COMPOUND 15c

"Bring Your Bucket."
We give full 16 ounces to the pound—demand it elsewhere.

Good Country Hams, Whole
or Half lb. 29c

Cornfield HAMS—They're White's 29c

Beef Roast 15c

Veal Chops 18c

Loin Steak 25c

Pot Roast 10c

Brisket Roast 8c

Leg o' Lamb 30c

Loin o' Lamb 30c

Fancy Large Fat Friers 35c

Hens Fresh & Tender 25c

Fresh Eggs, 25c

35 East Alabama St.
Main 6181

READ THEM OVER CAREFULLY

SENATOR CHARGES DYE TRUST LOBBY

Washington, July 14.—Charges of a somewhat sensational character against the Chemical Foundation, Inc., the E. I. DuPont de Nemours & Co., and the Textile Alliance were made today in the senate by Senator Moses, republican, New Hampshire, in the course of a prepared address in opposition to the dye embargo provision of the administration tariff bill. Senator Moses said these organizations were three of the factors

in the gigantic fraud he was opposing, and added:

"These three are significantly interested in their related personal and in their activities; and 't is they whose subsidiaries, officers, stockholders, lobbyists, paid propagandists and faked and kept organizations have been the most aggressive and insolent of all the profiteering crew who perniciously push this legislation."

Senator Moses declared that what was in effect a secret Senate committee proceedings against the Chemical Foundation he always would believe it was conceived in conspiracy and fostered by falsehood.

He charged that he had signed the order upon representations that the action to be taken was with the full approval of the federal official commission, which was licensing the patents under authority of the trading with the enemy act.

The memorandum set forth that Mr. Polk, who was acting in the absence in Europe of Secretary Lansing and President Wilson, had explained that he had signed the order upon representations that the action to be taken was with the full approval of the federal official commission, which was licensing the patents under authority of the trading with the enemy act.

The memorandum set forth that Mr. Polk "seemed very much disturbed" and had several conferences with officials of the trade commission and had "intimated very strongly that he had been made the victim of false representations to induce his signature to the executive order."

A secret Senate order, signed Senator Moses continued, Mr. Garvin became alien property custodian and "as such, on April 10, sold to himself for \$250,000 property whose earning capacity thus far disclosed indicated it to have been worth many millions."

Order of Falsehood.

Turning to what he characterized as "an orgy of falsehood with which the Chemical Foundation camouflaged its repute," the New Hampshire senator asserted that while the foundation had "unconsciously" advertised that it was to carry on "commercial purposes in the field of chemistry, it had spent nearly \$300,000 to 'bolster' the propaganda for a dye embargo."

He placed in the record a number of letters sent to individuals and organizations of the country in which there was made what the senator said was the false claim that the foundation was a government agency.

Senator Moses also produced a number of letters to show that the Chemical Foundation's agents had had the bureau of education under former Commissioner Claxton distribute article on chemistry written by R. E. Rose, of the chemical department of the DuPont company.

Presents Letters.

As another illustration of how he said, "great agencies of the government were victimized by the dye manufacturers of the country and our public agencies forced to use in private propaganda," the senator presented correspondence designed to show that the dye exhibits recently shown at Chicago, Philadelphia, Rochester, N. Y., Washington, and other cities, and now in the national museum here, had been financed by the dye manufacturers in the chemical warfare section of the war department.

The correspondence was between Captain O. E. Roberts, Jr., and the DuPont company, the National Aniline and Chemical company and other dye concerns. Of the E. I. DuPont de Nemours company, Senator Moses also said that the company had committed its dye interests to a committee of seven members. Senator Moses said this committee, which included in its members representatives of the DuPont company and the Aniline company, also had been called to the advisory committee on dyes for the war trade board. Thus, he added, these two dye concerns had constant representation in everything that was done concerning the reparations dyes and also had access to the private information of the war trade board.

CHALLENGES MOSES

TO LEAVE IMMUNITY.

New York, July 14.—Francis P. Garvan, president of the Chemical Foundation, Inc., in a statement today replied to what he termed the "vicious and malicious attack" of Senator Moses today on the foundation and "every other organization that has been connected with American organic-chemical industry," challenged the senator to repeat his statement in the newspaper he owns in Concord, N. H.

"If he will waive his senatorial pride and repeat his slanders in the columns of that paper," Mr. Garvan's statement said, "I will take the opportunity to expose him and his relations with German agents and the falsity of his slanders before a jury of his own neighbors. I promise to prove his motives and the source of his information before a jury of the people of Concord, by his own correspondence, with the German agents, if he has the courage to produce that correspondence."

LEFT PAPER

Concord, N. H., July 14.—Senator George H. Moses, who was challenged by Francis P. Garvan, in New York tonight to repeat "in the newspaper he owns in Concord," statements which he made in the senate today regarding the Chemical Foundation, was for many years editor of The Concord Monitor. He left this position when he was elected to the senate in 1918 to fill the unexpired term of Senator Gallinger. William D. Chandler is now publisher of The Monitor.

SOLONS WILL DECIDE ON TAX PROBLEMS

Continued from First Page.

constitutional amendment is required for such authorization.

Governor Thomas W. Hardwick is one of the leaders in the fight for the imposition of the income tax, while some of the strongest leaders in the house and senate are opposed to such a levy. The battle over the adoption of the tax measure is expected to be one of the most spectacular fought at the present session.

Another important tax measure which is to be considered by the committee on appropriations and ways and means is the bill providing for the imposition of a tax on soft drinks and near beers. This bill has been referred to the committee and it is to be voted on sometime during the same time next week. Those who are supporting this bill, including Senator J. H. Boykin, one of its authors, will ask that the revenue derived from the tax on drinks of this class be turned over to the county school boards, to buy free text books in the schools. The money is to be turned over to the counties on the same basis as the present state school fund is allotted. Any surplus funds above the amount needed to buy free books is to be turned over to the boards for other school purposes under the proposed plan.

Tax on Soft Drinks.

It will be provided in the bill that the soft drink syrup shall bear the tax based on the number of drinks each gallon of syrup will produce. If a tax of one-fourth of a cent a drink is imposed and a gallon of syrup will produce 100 drinks, the tax on that gallon of syrup would be fixed at 25 cents and the manufacturer would have to pay it on each label the product showing that the tax is paid before it can be sold to the bottler or dispenser.

The necessity for raising additional revenue is staring the legislators in the face as they consider the appropriation bills which are pending and which are to be presented. It is pointed out that the state is in worse condition financially than it was a year ago at this time, despite the sale of Western & Atlantic railroad earnings. There is now talk of a bond issue to pay pensions to Confederate veterans, a procedure hitherto unheard of, and a sub-committee of the appropriations and ways and means committee of the house is now investigating the feasibility of such a plan.

Another source of revenue which is to be considered in a few days is the proposed tax on imports of luxuries. It is estimated that such a tax will bring in revenue of about \$100,000 a year. A bill setting aside

money derived from such a tax to pay soldiers of Georgia who served in the field has been introduced by Representative Bentley, but it is pointed out that this tax may be imposed to relieve the pension fund for Confederate veterans in the event the soldiers' bonus bill is not passed.

Income Tax Bill.

Representative Hamilton of Floyd, introduced the income tax bill, and it provides for imposition of taxes on incomes, inheritances, privileges and occupations, the money to meet deficiencies and to pay off bonded indebtedness.

Some action on the motion picture censoring bill recommended favorably to the house by the special judiciary committee at the session last year, is expected during the next ten days.

Representative Mason of Hart, author of the bill, said Friday he expected to call up the measure within a short time. A bill similar to the Mason bill was introduced in the Senate by Senator Rainwater of Cherokee.

Talks were made by Mr. Rainwater, Lee Hagan and Donald A. Loyless.

BOTTLED PREPARE FOR BIG CONVENTION

Tentative plans for entertaining delegates to the convention of the American Bottlers of Carbonated Beverages which meets in Atlanta October 13 were formulated Friday night at a called meeting of official members of C. V. Rainwater, in the Druid Hills Country club. The convention will bring approximately 3,000 delegates and visitors to Atlanta from all sections of the country, it was stated.

Committees were appointed to arrange the details of the convention. They included reception, entertainment, friendship and greeters, publicity and ladies' entertainment committee.

Talks were made by Mr. Rainwater, Lee Hagan and Donald A. Loyless.

ATLANTANS TO SAIL FOR EUROPE SATURDAY

St. Elmo Massengale, prominent Atlanta advertising man, Friday engaged passage on the steamship Olympic, and will sail for Europe Saturday for a several weeks trip.

Mr. Massengale will be accompanied by his family, Dr. G. H. Noble, Atlanta specialist, and Dean Thomas H. Johnson, of St. Philip's cathedral here. Mr. Massengale underwent an operation about two months ago and the trip to Europe is being made by him in an effort to fully regain his health.

SMITH NOMINATED ATHENS POSTMASTER

Athens, Ga., July 14.—(Special)—Frank C. Smith, who has been acting postmaster in Athens several months, has been nominated to the office by President Harding. Mr. Smith's name went to the senate Friday. Confirmation is expected immediately.

Mr. Smith was former assistant postmaster here and has been acting since the resignation of former Postmaster J. H. Rucker took place.

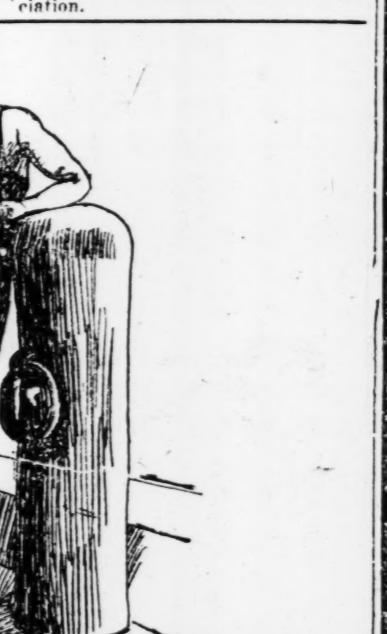
BRITAIN TO QUIT JOB BEFORE TECH OPENS

Continued from First Page.

ferred by The Constitution in 1898, and has placed him in a prominent place in the literary world.

He is a member of the Kappa Alpha fraternity, a Knight Templar and a Shriner. He is also an active member of the Baptist church and was president of the Baptist Young Peoples' Union of Georgia in 1902. From 1904 to 1910 he was an editor of the Southern Baptist Sunday School board.

Dr. Brittain served as president of the council of state school superintendents of the United States, in 1910 and 1920. In 1913 he was president of the Southern Educational association.



Vacation specials Bathing suits

In three big lots

All worsted suits, solid colors, fancy skirt or body stripes \$2.85

Plain and fancy pure worsted suits, silk stripes, big values—see them \$3.45

The best to be had—all wool—heavy weight, silk stripes—all colors—all sizes \$4.65

They are worth much more

Daniel Bros. Company

Founded Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx 1886 45 to 49 Peachtree

STEWART'S Junior Shoe Department

Specials for Today

In Children's Shoes

White Tennis Shoes—

Sizes 8 to 10.....\$1.25

Sizes 11 to 2.....\$1.50

Sizes 3 to 6.....\$1.75

White Tennis Strap Pumps with heels—

Sizes 12 to 2.....\$1.75

Sizes 3 to 6.....\$1.95

Tan Barefoot Sandals—

Keep cool kind—

Sizes 5 to 8.....\$1.50

Sizes 9 to 11.....\$1.50

Sizes 12 to 2.....\$3.95

One lot Growing Girls' Tan Lace Oxfords and White Melco Cloth Lace Oxfords, sizes 2 1/2 to 6—

Clean-up Sale.....\$3.95

Special Sale Today of Children's Shoes

Stewart GOLD SHOPS FOR EVERYBODY

510 Peachtree Street, N. E.

Atlanta, Georgia

Telephone: D. 5-1111

Hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.

Open Every Day

1922

Stewart GOLD SHOPS FOR EVERYBODY

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THE CONSTITUTION

The Standard Southern Newspaper.

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly.

CLARENCE HOWELL

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Clark Howell, Jr., Asst. Gen. Manager.

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The Constitution is not responsible for advance payments to out-of-town local carriers, dealers or agents.

Member of the Associated Press.

The Associated Press is exclusively entitled the use of publication of all news dispatches credited to it or not otherwise credit in the name, and also the local news published here.

TECH'S NEW CHIEF.

The people of Georgia and friends of the Georgia School of Technology everywhere will approve the selection of Dr. M. L. Brittain, state superintendent of schools, for the presidency of that institution.

Not only is Dr. Brittain generally popular throughout the state, but he is an educator of national reputation, and his superior ability is recognized in educational circles in all parts of the country.

For twelve consecutive years he has been at the head of the public school system of Georgia, and during that time the state has experienced more genuine educational advancement than it had made during any previous period of twice that length in its entire history.

That phenomenal advancement has been attributable very largely to the alert, progressive and capable leadership and direction of Dr. Brittain.

It was with sincere regret that the people of Georgia recently received Superintendent Brittain's announcement of his intention to retire from office at the close of his present term; but it goes without saying that state-wide gratification over his elevation to the position of president of one of Georgia's most important institutions of learning will be equally as general.

And it is all the more an occasion for general commendation that the board of trustees of Tech was able to engage the services of a man of Dr. Brittain's high abilities without going outside the state.

Dr. Brittain is a Georgian, born and reared; and the fact that he loves Georgia and its people; that, by life-long personal contact, he is familiar with their temperamental attributes, viewpoints and sentiments, and has vision to see the educational and industrial needs and requirements of the state, will make him more valuable as president of the School of Technology than any man from another state could possibly be, all other things being equal.

The board of trustees is to be felicitated upon the splendid choice it has made.

And the highest compliment that can be paid to Dr. Brittain is to say that he will undoubtedly prove to be a worthy successor to Dr. K. G. Matheson.

SAVE THIS INDUSTRY!

Butter made in Georgia creameries is superior in quality to the high-priced creamery butter which is imported in tremendous quantity from other states and which enjoys an extensive market in the best homes and leading hotels of this state.

This is not merely an assertion inspired by state pride nor a statement that is supported only by a flight of fancy. It is a cold, hard fact, based upon public, official, scientific test of seven samples of the butter product of seven Georgia creameries in comparison with five samples of the highest-priced and best-known brands of imported creamery butter.

The scoring process was conducted, openly and above board, at an Atlanta hotel last Wednesday, by W. L. Clevenger, a butter expert from the dairy division of the United States department of agriculture, in the presence of L. H. Marlatt, butter and cheese expert of the Georgia State College of Agriculture; railroad representatives; officials of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs and of the Georgia association and representatives of the creameries at Ashburn, Atlanta, Rome, Athens, Columbus, Dalton and Moultrie.

And it was conducted upon the highest plane, guaranteeing accuracy and conclusiveness of the results.

All of the twelve samples were first placed in plain wrappers, prior to their being brought into the test room, and before scoring, so that neither the official scorer nor the creamery representatives themselves could distinguish the Georgia-made from the imported product.

Every sample of Georgia creamery butter received a score equal to, or higher than, the highest-priced imported sample—a well-known brand of butter which was purchased from an Atlanta retail store, immediately before the scoring took place, at 55 cents a pound!

What a significant tribute to the creamery industry of Georgia!

Think of it—with two exceptions, all of Georgia's creameries are less than a year old, yet in the quality of their product they were able to surpass the best creameries of the north, with which they are forced to compete on the Georgia market!

It is, in truth, a rare tribute to the enterprise and integrity of the management of Georgia creameries, and every Georgian should contemplate this remarkable record with pride!

And yet, despite the fact that Georgia produces a better grade of butter, as shown by this scientific testing, Georgia creameries, and with them the dairy farmers of Georgia, are threatened with disaster through the lack of home demand for their superior product!

The records show that a surplus of 20,000 pounds of this high quality Georgia creamery butter, though representing less than 3 per cent of the butter consumed in Georgia, has, within the last thirty days, been forced to beg a market in northern cities in price-throttling competition with inferior grades produced in northern creameries, while Georgia's best homes and leading hotels have been buying the butter imported into this state, and paying for it something like 15 cents a pound more than the retail stores are asking for the highest quality brands of Georgia butter.

This represents a tribute of more than a quarter of a million dollars a year that Georgians are paying to outside butter manufacturers—an amount which, if diverted through Georgia creameries into the pockets of Georgia dairy farmers would firmly establish on a profitable and sound basis what is potentially Georgia's most important agricultural industry and the state's most certain insurance of return to rural prosperity!

This, Georgians, is the situation.

It is not important to fix the blame, even if it could be fixed. The important thing is, What is Georgia going to do about it?

The way out was pointed by the creamery men themselves, acting with the counsel and aid of Georgia's foremost civic development agencies, the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs and the Georgia association, which organizations have collaborated in offering the following suggestions:

God in His wisdom made the lily so pure.

A symbol of love for the living and dead.

But lo and behold, what the painter has done.

Just fills me with horror and dread;

He's painted the lily, and nature defiled.

The face of the flapper in colors ga-

lore;

And so intended that melons be green.

Unchanging with time by His wide open door;

How art in its glory has fallen from grace.

How weird is the City of Dread. Where art is a riot astounding in tone;

Where they desecrate God and paint melons red.

—LEONORA ANDERSON.

Improving on Nature.

(From The New York Evening World.)

Is sought the Trail of Happiness Across the green seafoam:

Through weary days—

Through untrod ways—

A thousand miles from home.

I sought the Trail of Happiness In shady, scented vale.

In anxious flight.

O'er green-topped hill and dale.

I sought the Trail of Happiness In olden paths, by new.

And after years.

Of lonely tears,

It led me straight to you.

—LEONORA ANDERSON.

The Trail of Happiness.

(From The New York Evening World.)

The Trail of Happiness Across the green seafoam:

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—LEONORA ANDERSON.

TODAY'S TALK

(By GEORGE MATTHEW ANDREWS)

(Copyright, 1922, for The Constitution)

The FLAPPER.

I have been reading a great deal about what the public terms "The Flapper." And I am frank to state that I do not take sides with her critics. I am rather for the Flapper.

Of course, they could have given the term "flapper" much prettier name, but "flapper" it is.

On the other hand it may have scientific derivation. The other day I watched two little bird flappers come into this big world from their tiny nest home in a tree. They flapped and faltered—in their bird world to get strong and to be big birds in the world.

Maybe nature furnished this name, after all!

As near as I can make out, this Flapper individual is something like this: Happy and free, full of expression—not any too particular about old-fashioned conventions and traditions, in fact, because she likes the out-of-doors and drinks to the full from its stimulants.

Perhaps her hair is "bobbed." But that is a sensible style, and a good idea. The time may be very near when headaches and common sense will make it universal among women, I think men would "do up their hair" for any considerable period; in fact, history proves that they didn't.

Much has been discussed about the dress of the Flapper, but she looks most comfortable in her short skirts and sleeves and free-fitting clothes, though not be forgotten that youth must have health and freedom, and that only in unhampered expression can she be happy.

I believe that as large a proportion of our Flappers of today will make lovely grandmas tomorrow, as the girls of yesterday are today.

The Flapper is a young, vivacious, bright, I do not believe that she is "bad" or even headed in the way of destruction. Her mistakes are sure to be the mistakes of us all, from which we all learn, to do and be better.

Every day has had its Flapper, and they have done them by the hundreds, and best-known brands of imported creamery butter.

They can do it by demanding Georgia creamery butter, and by manifesting a willingness to pay for its "quality" butter prices!

The women of the Georgia Federation of Women's Clubs initiated and conducted in superb fashion the recent highly successful "Made-in-Georgia" campaign.

Now let them save Georgia's creamery and dairy farming industries by prompt and effective action!

They can do it, and every civic, industrial or commercial organization, every business man and every patriotic and enterprising citizen of Georgia can well afford to, and should, co-operate with them to that end.

And my word to the Flapper's critics is this: Please let her flap!

The issue of a life of unwavering faith is certain success, both here

and hereafter. "And into the land of Canaan we came."

Ten generations only between Abraham and the flood and men have been gun to forget God.

What of that now we made in money trial, in sickness, in affliction, in threatened loss of loved ones? Have we also forgotten?

JOHN M. MARTIN, JR., DIES IN JACKSONVILLE

News of the death in Jacksonville, Fla., of John M. Martin, Jr., was received in Atlanta Friday by his brother, Edmund W. Martin, prominent Atlanta lawyer. He was a son of the late Col. John M. Martin, who was the last surviving member of the congress of the Confederate States of America. Mr. Martin died at the home of his son, John W. Martin, who is mayor of Jacksonville, Fla. He had many friends in Atlanta. Burial will be in Jacksonville.

THE CONSTITUTION, ATLANTA, GA. SATURDAY, JULY 15, 1922.

Just From Georgia

(By FRANK L. STANTON)

The Lady He Loved.

I.

There is the garden, but never a bloom—
Violet—poppy, flame-red:
The stars are like wandering ghosts in the sky—
The lady I loved—she is dead!She drank the wild wine of the poppies full deep,
And the midnight-mad mockingbirds sang her to sleep.

II.

This is the portal: Start not at a sound;

The heart beating fast for Time fled;

No lips to be kissed now: no brow to be crowned;

The lady Life loved—she is dead!

She passed from Fate's prison—its bolts and its bars,

And died with her beautiful face to the stars.

III.

And I seem like a child that has lost the home-way,
And shadows are phantoms of dread.

And the wind, the stars, and the flying clouds say:

"The Lady of Love—she is dead!"

And the ships hear the harbor-bells over the foam;

But my life has no light and my heart has no home.

* * * * *

It's the Same Way Here.

In the current number of Harriet Monroe's magazine, Poetry, there is this—

"Every night."

At my windy, when

I quench the light Between nine an' ten,

A White Moth

Soars through the trees,

Light as the frost

Blown off the seas.

"At the same time

It fluttered white

In the scented lime—

Every night."

The White Moth was certainly on time! We've seen the same thing right here, at home.

* * * * *

The White Moth

Soars through the trees,

Light as the frost

Blown off the seas.

* * * * *

The Trail of Happiness

(From The New York Evening World.)

I sought the Trail of Happiness Across the green seafoam:

Through weary days—

Through untrod ways—

A thousand miles from home.

I sought the Trail of Happiness In shady, scented vale.

In anxious flight.

O'er green-topped hill and dale.

I sought the Trail of Happiness In olden paths, by new.

And after years.

NAME COMMITTEE ON LUXURY TAXES

After a spirited debate Friday, the senate passed a resolution by Senator Golucke, of the 19th, providing for a joint committee from the house and senate to draft a bill levying a tax on luxuries, the proceeds to be devoted to payment of Georgia pensioners.

The resolution went to the house for concurrence. President Clay appointed Senators Thomas, Boykin and Cone as members of the drafting committee.

The original resolution by Golucke suggested specific penalties for special taxation on soft drink, motion picture houses and theaters, opera, baseball and football, boxing contests, perfumeries and other articles.

Amendments Made.

Several amendments were submitted and adopted. Senator Cone offered an amendment striking the suggested percentage of levy. Senator Wohlwendner argued that it would have the effect of loading down the measure to defeat it.

In Favor of Tax.

"Personally, I am in favor of taxing notes and mortgages," he said, "but I don't want to see the proposition loaded down. It's time we were more aware of the cost of Georgia—the farmers, who are having a hard living—and levy on some of the profit of these concerns that are piling up dividends on luxuries."

"Look to Coca-Cola. It has gone up from 18 to 74—every few days a line about it in the papers carry big headlines."

Senator Brown argued against a soft drink tax, reminding the members that at the last session a tax of 4 cents per pound was imposed on carbonic gas. He said it was unfair to pick out one industry for taxation when there were many classes of invisible property taxed.

Senator Kimzey, arguing for the soft drink tax, asserted that soft drinks are "worthless for anything except chasers, anyway."

Senator Johns, another drink tax advocate, declared that "it is time somebody was here talking for the farmers." The opposition to the resolution is coming 100 new cents a day from those members who voted against repeal of the tax equalization law, on the ground that no tax substitute had been offered, and who said they would be willing to vote for a substitute.

Forsyth Property

Owners to Decide Underpass Closing

Whether the Forsyth street underpass at Marietta and Forsyth street will be closed as was recently intended, will depend on the attitude of property owners whose holdings will be affected and their willingness to pay their pro rata share of the expense of the project, it was stated Friday by J. R. Smith, president of the Forsyth street property owners association.

Contracts stipulating the amount each property owner is listed to pay were mailed out by Mr. Smith with a request that they be filled out and returned to him by Thursday at 10 o'clock. At that time a meeting of the committee in charge of the project will be held in the office of the president to determine final action.

The closing of the underpass will mean an extension of Fairlie street from the intersection at Forsyth to the railroad tracks so as to arrange for traffic now utilizing the underpass, it was stated.

MILLARD STEPHENS SLIGHTLY IMPROVED

Millard Stephens was in a slightly improved condition Friday night, according to physicians at the Grady hospital, who expressed the belief that he now has fairly good chances of recovering.

Stephens has been lingering between life and death since being wounded in the head by a falling chair. Mrs. Helen Avera, who shot him twice in the abdomen, after she claims, he had battered down the front door of her home, 278 Jones Avenue, and was entering the hallway, threatening to kill her and take his little girl away.

One of the bullet holes punctured the intestines in six different places, according to the surgeons who operated on Stephens. Mrs. Avera is at liberty under a \$2,000 bond.

POLICEMAN IS SUING FOR \$30,000 DAMAGES

George F. Cole, a city policeman, on Friday filed suit in the city court of Atlanta seeking to recover \$30,000 damages from the Georgia Railway & Power company for injuries alleged to have been received by him May 27, 1922.

Mr. Cole claims that a pedestrian had been struck by a street car at Whitehall and Brotherton streets and he went to investigate and was in between two street cars taking down the names of witnesses, when the motorman on the front street car suddenly and without warning, started the car backwards and mashed him between the street cars. He alleges he is permanently injured. Harwell, Fairman & Barrett, of Atlanta, are attorneys for plaintiff.

GROVE'S Tasteless Chill Tonic

Stops Malaria, Restores Strength and Energy. 60c

SEVERE ITCHING BURNING TETTER

Also Itching Scalp, Hair Fell Out. Could Hardly Sleep. Cuticura Heals.

"I suffered more than a year with tetter and itching scalp. The tetter broke out in pimples and blisters, and the itching and burning were so severe that I scratched and irritated the affected parts. My hair fell out and became lifeless and dry. At night I could hardly sleep."

"I read an advertisement for Cuticura Soap and Ointment and sent for a free sample which helped me so I purchased more and in three or four weeks I was healed." (Signed) Miss Ross Barton, R. 1, Box 5, Dunbarton, S. C., August 5, 1921.

Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Talcum promote and maintain skin purity, skin comfort and skin health often when all else fails.

Sample Each Free by Mail. Address: "Cuticura Laboratory, Dept. E, Walden, Ga. Mass." Send today. Soap & Ointment \$2 and \$6. Talcum \$2. Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

Smartest Styles In Bracelet Watches

We are sincerely proud of the attractive styles we have in ladies' Bracelet Watches.

Square effects, Rectangular or Oblong, Octagon, and Tonneau shapes are carried in Green, Red, White Gold, or in Platinum, and White Gold with and without precious stones.

Call and examine our stock, or write for twenty-seventh annual watch and jewelry catalogue.

We close at 1 o'clock Saturdays during July and August.

Maier & Berkele, Inc.

Gold and Silversmiths,
31 Whitehall Street.
Established 1887.

\$200,000 PAVING AWARDS APPROVED

Contracts for street paving aggregating more than \$200,000 were approved Friday afternoon by the street committee of city council. Work on the projects will begin at once, it was stated by Chairman Charles L. Chosewood, who declared that necessary funds are available. Bids for contracts were opened several weeks ago.

The following streets are included in the contracts: Angier avenue, Boulevard to Arnold; Central avenue, Georgia avenue to Dodd street; Greenbriar avenue, Kelly to Garfield Place, Highland to East avenue; Battlefield avenue, Arkwright to First streets; Woodward Avenue, Washington to Chereder avenue; Fitzgerald avenue, Edgewood avenue to Decatur street; Lawton street, Greenwich to Sells street; Peachtree to West Peachtree streets; Boulevard DeKalb; Whiteford to South DuPont avenue; and Patterson street, Metropolitan to McPherson avenue.

Consideration of the proposal of a number of property owners residing on Luckie street, to change the name of Hemphill street, which is a continuation of Luckie, from North avenue to the waterworks, again was discussed. On motion of Councilman J. R. Nutting, the committee referred the matter to the property owners and recommended that a formal petition be presented to the commissioners meeting. The petition under discussion was unusual and irregular by Mr. Nutting, who said that a number of names appearing on it were not bona fide property owners.

After reading the text of your fishing bill has started something. Nimbards of the line and reel were stirred Friday when they heard of it. They called a hasty conference and studied the measure closely. They found its language unadorned and rigid. Absence of any married man from home on a professed fishing trip is made a felony, unless he gains the full consent of his wife. Failure to catch any fish entitles his wife to revoke all future permits, the preponderance of circumstantial evidence being against the fisherman in all such cases.

Dr. John Powell of Atlanta, grand father of the fisherman, was the injured seeker of revenge. They played the stellar parts. Mr. Johnson was the victim of mystery that thickened the plot.

"If your bill passes, as we think it should and will, we will abide by the law to the very letter."

"We will subscribe \$5 each as a safety fund to be used by any one or all of our members to buy fish from friendly fish dealers and to have the same shipped to reach the fishing hole in time or fail to have the right bait."

"If we can't have the bill, if it should strike at the very foundation of our rights of freedom and liberty, however, we will do our best to see that the fish fix things pretty well for us unless some member doesn't think it is important to have the punishment for which is to be forced to go to the hole of spring water while on the fishing trip."

Senate Sidelights BY HENSON TATUM

Senator Denis Fleming's fishing bill has started something. Nimbards of the line and reel were stirred Friday when they heard of it. They called a hasty conference and studied the measure closely. They found its language unadorned and rigid. Absence of any married man from home on a professed fishing trip is made a felony, unless he gains the full consent of his wife.

A one-reeler, which in moviedom was a point where state-owned terminals and wharves should be built, was acted at the capitol anyway. The actors were impromptu and were Herbert Clay, president of the senate; Attorney "Bunk" Cooper, of Macon, and Representative Mack Johnson, of Bartow county, candidate for the railroad commission.

Circumstances cast Attorney Cooper in the role of a statesman. Everybody was the injured seeker of revenge. They played the stellar parts. Mr. Johnson was the victim of mystery that thickened the plot.

"The deep water shipping facilities of a port should be left to the people of a port, not to the state," said Attorney Cooper, who was before Governor Hardwick and other capitol officials on business. The senate president with the proposal, however, also called to see the governor, but the attorney had preceded him.

Mr. Cooper emerged with but a few minutes before him in which to make his train back to Macon. He looked for his hat. The rear started. He couldn't find his hat. He searched frantically but couldn't find it. His train would go "Loco" to go.

Caught in the Act!

"Stop!" commanded President Clay and he had Bill Hart's visage beat a pulp. Cooper had clapped on the president's summer straw and headed to the door. He hesitated, weakened, started to lay it aside, and President Clay stopped him in to interview the governor.

Mr. Cooper emerged with but a few minutes before him to meet an important engagement. His train was gone. Bystanders said it departed with Mr. Cooper.

He executed one or two wholly obscure and incomprehensible words and then became articulate. "That's plain stealing after I told him not to take it," he shot out. "If I knew where to catch him I'd have him put in jail. Well, I'll be (deleted)."

But his friends were sympathetic and ebony-brown porters were flying about the place that they knew money might be paid for the services of the building. Representative Mack Johnson entered the scene bare-headed. "I've lost my hat," he announced. "Has anybody seen it?" Nobody had.

Mr. Cooper couldn't need one, said somebody aside. Mr. Johnson started to town hollers in the rain. Mr. Clay disappeared and returned later crowned with brand new regalia.

Senator J. D. Cullum, of the 13th, holds a record of not having missed a roll call since he has been a member of the senate.

A resolution commanding the movement to raise by public subscription \$12,000 to place memorials in the hall of fame at Washington, D. C. for Alexander Hamilton Stephens and Dr. Crawford Long, noted Georgians, was introduced by the committee this week. These two honored men of the state were chosen by a previous legislature for places in the hall of fame. Stephens was a patriot, orator, historian and philanthropist. Dr. Long was the discoverer of anæsthesia, which has made surgery painless.

Senator J. D. Cullum, of the 13th, introduced a bill for never having missed a roll call during two years.

By Henderson of White—To levy a tax on all soft drinks and near beers.

By Bentley of Fulton—To make it a violation of law to draw a check without funds.

By Horn of Dodge—To make president of United Daughters of Confederacy a member of board of trustees of Confederate Soldiers' home.

By Way of Liberty—To authorize government to sell unclaimed lands.

By Nunn of Fulton—To amend constitution relating to poll tax.

By Childs of Upson, and others—To repeal tax equalization law.

By Cobb delegation—To appropriate \$750 for confederate soldiers' cemetery at Marietta.

Yesterdays in the Assembly

HOUSE

Bills Introduced.
By Hamilton, of Floyd—To amend constitution to provide for tax on income.

By Henderson, of White—To levy a tax on all soft drinks and near beers.

By Bentley, of Fulton—To make it a violation of law to draw a check without funds.

By Horn, of Dodge—To make president of United Daughters of Confederacy a member of board of trustees of Confederate Soldiers' home.

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By Cobb delegation—To appropriate \$750 for confederate soldiers' cemetery at Marietta.

BRUNSWICK SEEKING STATE-OWNED WHARVES

house, he has answered present every time the clerk called his name.

A one-reeler, which in moviedom was a point where state-owned terminals and wharves should be built, was acted at the capitol anyway. The actors were impromptu and were Herbert Clay, president of the senate; Attorney "Bunk" Cooper, of Macon, and Representative Mack Johnson, of Bartow county, candidate for the railroad commission.

Citizens of Brunswick have launched a fight to have that city designated as a point where state-owned terminals and wharves should be built, and the proposed state bond issue, and in letters to the state delegation of the legislature made public Friday, have asked the legislature to refrain from taking action on the Savannah port bill until Brunswick has had an opportunity of presenting its claims.

The letter was addressed to all members of the legislature and copies were placed before the members Friday.

Following is the letter:

"We believe that Brunswick is the logical point at which should be located state-owned terminals and wharves. The state bonds will be the injured seeker of revenge. They played the stellar parts. Mr. Johnson was the victim of mystery that thickened the plot.

"The deep water shipping facilities of a port should be left to the people of a port, not to the state," said Attorney Cooper, who was before Governor Hardwick and other capitol officials on business.

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THE GUMPS—WITHOUT FEAR OR FAVOR

The Constitution's Novel-a-Week
FALSE FACES

BY HUGH KAHLER

Next Week, "Snowdrift"
By James B. Hendryx

(Continued from Yesterday)

"You surely don't object to my having regarded you as something other than a fugitive criminal, Mr. Thorne? I was trying to draw you off the track, I admit, but it was both easier and harder than it would have been if you had not turned out to be exceedingly different from what I imagined. The Tracker must be like. I was sorry to play a shabby trick on you, and I was glad that the circumstances didn't make it necessary for me to feign friendliness toward a bloodthirsty, relentless brute who tracked human beings to the death for sheer love of the sport. Won't you shake hands and call it quits?"

"Feign friendliness—that's what I meant." Thorne held his place. "It isn't necessary for you to do that any more, Miss Lawton. I don't have to be the hoodwinked, now."

"Oh, stop talking nonsense," she interrupted eagerly. "I wasn't pretending at all—about that. I was trying hard to keep from liking you all along. There. Let's be sensible. Dads has news for you."

"All in good time, Esther," cut in Lawton quickly. "It may be just as well for Thorne to stay in the dark about that, for a little. If he knows he'll have to act, and I've work to do first."

Thorne stared. The girl spoke quickly. "But he wouldn't have to act. He's out of the service—free to do as he likes. Tell him, Dads. It isn't fair to keep him in ignorance another minute, when you're a runaway murderer when you—"

A load lifted suddenly from Thorne's mind. Even the discovery that Esther Lawton's friendliness had not been a sham had only deepened the shadow which hung over her in her father's guilt and peril! It, by some miracle, Lawton had not killed Parrot.

"Parrot's on board this boat, Thorne, I trailed him straight across the country and nearly lost him. I just did catch the steamer, finally. He doesn't know. He thinks he's shaken me off. And, tonight, he and I are going to have the talk I've been waiting for six years. After that, if you want him, somebody else can take him back to Hamilton to answer for the murder of his valet, George Merrick. I caught him almost in the act. When I came into his room he was bending over Merrick's body; he must have killed him while you and I were downstairs. I thought I had him, when I cried out 'S! I did. We were three stories up, and there was only one door to the room. But he dropped out of the window before I could wink. I was after him, like a shot, but he was too quick for me. He must have had a car waiting somewhere. I nearly lost him then, but I picked up the trail at the Hamilton station and hung to it all the rest of the way. Of course, I might have headed him off by telling what I knew, but that would not serve my purpose—and there was always the chance that the police would muddle things, and let him get clear away, if I let them get near me. I had to have my talk with him first; after that it doesn't matter what happens. As things stand, I've got the cards all in my hand. He's got to tell me what I want to know, now, because I can threaten him with the chair, and poor old Merrick is beyond his reach."

Thorne stared in a daze of bewildered relief. Lawton wasn't a murderer, after all! Esther wasn't a murderer's daughter! And the trivial detail of the escape from Hamilton and the remainder of a sentence for embezzlement still to be served, failed to lower his spirits. Those things could be arranged. He had a powerful weapon in his hands, at last—a club which could force the governor himself to be open to persuasion in the matter of a pardon.

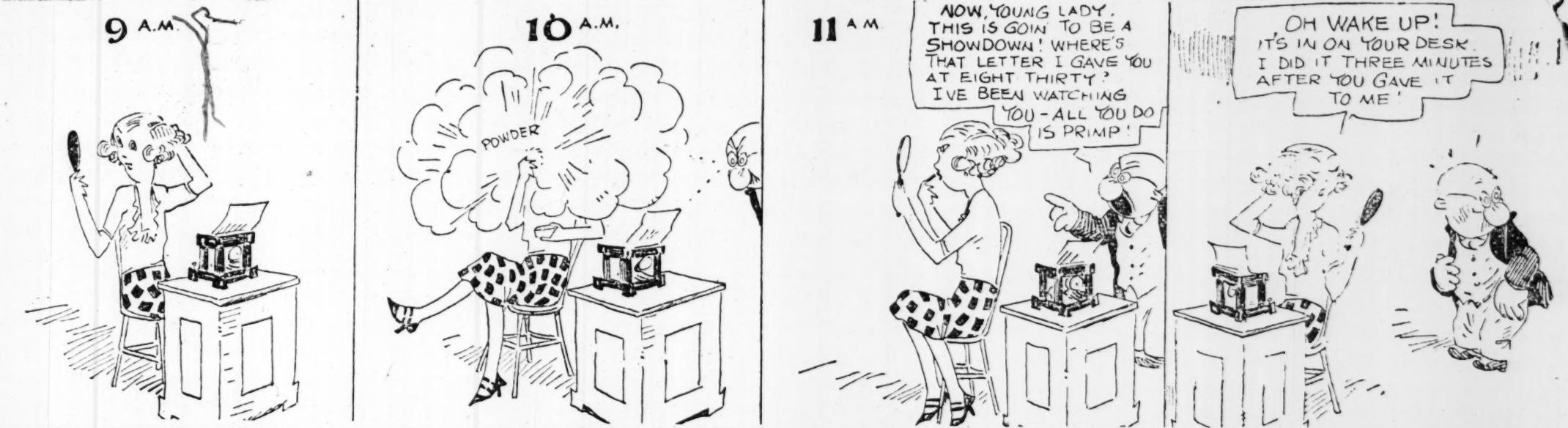
"Shake hands on it," he said. And they did all three. After which they discussed ways and means very vaguely indeed.

The gray-haired man in the lower berth looked up calmly as Daniel Lawton. **And Then He Changed His Mind—By Dunn**



He Misunderstood.
Friend—Isn't it hard to lose your daughter?
Her Father—No, not that one in there. I could have married her off a year ago. Her older sister is the one who is hard to lose.

The great Lanahan dam, built by the federal government, irrigates 200,000 acres of land.

**SOMEBODY'S STENOG—The Showdown****HOME, SWEET HOME—Early to Bed and Early to Rise****WINNIE****WINKLE,****THE BREADWINNER**

She Got
His
Number

There were a number of fingerprints on different things in Smith's room which agree exactly with those on the letters I mentioned. So you see, Parrot, I have a little murder charge to match yours. And you'll find it a hard one to evade, too."

There was a tense pause. Then Parrot spoke in a harsh, strained whisper. "What do you offer?"

"Just what I said. My silence against your silence and the confession and the story of Dora. Only you will have to confess the Hamilton murder, now. My price has gone up since I came in. I mean to be absolutely clear. Confess the whole plot, and then you'll be a free man to any one until the ship reaches port and for ten days afterward. Then I'll surrender and file the confession and give my evidence. That's my best offer. I'll give you one minute to take it. After that I'll talk to the captain and take my own chances. Where's Dora, first of all?"

Dora died, long ago. I cared for her, Lawton. You don't think so, but that was real, that affair. Go to Helen's, Mac, and look up the records in the hospital there. They'll tell you whether I suffered when she died. I loved her."

"That's enough," Lawton's voice shook a little. For years he had hoped that his daughter might have died, but the knowledge hurt him sorely, none the less. And he believed, in

the berth, Timothy Parrot read the paper deliberately, his face expressionless. "Do you really think I'll sign my life away like this, Lawton?" He flung the confession carelessly on his coverlet. "I wondered how far your lunacy would carry you."

"You won't sign, then? It's your last chance. I've given it to you because you're as sound as you are, I think you really told me the truth about my daughter. But—"

Parrot touched the button at the edge of his berth. "When the steward answers that I shall give you in charge for the murder of Timothy Parrot—if you're still in the room," he announced. "We shall see who wins."

"That's your last word?"

"I'm almost sorry, Parrot. Because it doesn't seem to me that you sign or not. You've condemned yourself a dozen times since I've been in here, and every word of this conversation has been recorded by the ship's stenographer, in the hearing of Captain Anderson and of Thomas Thorne, of the Pittland police. Come in, Mac. It wasn't Mac who suspended me. It was the Tracker, I think my lucky stars. This means the top for you, old man—and I wish you luck. You've earned ed anything you get."

"Another error," said Timothy Parrot.

"Well, you showed us all up, after all."

McNamara clapped Thorne's shoulder as he spoke. "It did my soul good to hear the chief swallowing his talk, in there. I had it coming and going."

"It was Mac who suspended me."

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Side Talks

by Ruth Cameron

DO JUDGE BY YOURSELF.

There was an old saying we used to use in the quarels of our childhood, "Don't judge others by yourselves." It's a poor saying. Do judge others by yourself. It's the only measure that you have that will give you the slightest idea of others. Accurate? No, far from it. But far more accurate than typical appearances.

After you get to know a person so that you feel you can, it's fun sometimes to discuss the misdeceptions we had of each other before we became acquainted.

Perhaps it's a little bit dangerous as a form of amusement for human vanity are, but so easily hurt, but when did you underline the danger and make an amusement less enticing?

I Thought Her Haughty.

Anyhow that's what I did with a friend whom I have had for a few weeks as a friend. Before that we had had a most interesting and I think typical conversation.

Said she, "It seems awfully funny now, but all the time when I used to see you just to how to I thought you were awfully haughty and exclusive. I thought you didn't care about knowing people."

Her eyes opened wide. "But isn't that the funniest," she said, "that's just the way I felt about you, that you

were standoffish and self-sufficient."

"About me," I cried in astonishment. "But I always love to meet people if I think they want to meet me."

"Well, so do I," she retorted, "but you didn't look as if you did want to meet me."

She Thought Me Standoffish

"To think," said I, "that I could give that impression when all the time I was wishing you weren't so haughty because I thought you'd be so nice if you weren't."

"Just what I thought about you," she capped me again.

And then we both agreed that we had had a valuable lesson in understanding other people's feelings by our selves.

She thought I was standoffish and self-sufficient, while all the time I was only shy and waiting for her to make the first move. I thought her haughty and exclusive, while all the time she was only shy and waiting for me to make the first move. If each of us had looked into our own hearts we might have found the key to the other's state of mind and broken the deadlock long before.

And Both Were Shy!

Shyness is one of the commonest of all qualities. The more I study people the more I come to that conclusion. Sometimes it masquerades as shyness, again it hides itself under a

LACE COVERED LACE IS THIS NEW FAD

One hears that lace wraps are being designed for wear over lace frocks to protect madame from the inclement weather. One marvels at such drastic steps being taken by modistes who are rarely accused of being sensible.

nervously, vivacious manner. And again and again we judge the modiste's interpretation of the real person, and judge falsely.

In almost everyone is a strong strain of vanity and egotism. And intertwined with it, in almost everyone, is a strong strain of self-distrust and shyness. Try that key the next time the lock of a human heart baffles you and see whether it doesn't help.

HOUSEHOLD SUGGESTIONS

Window Plants.

Never water window plants unless the soil looks dry. Put enough water on them to wet the soil thoroughly. Too much water will sour the soil.

Cretone Covers.

When buying cretone for the bedroom curtains, buy enough extra for bureau scarfs, which come as a welcome change in the summertime and do not soil readily.

Stove Polish.

Mix your stove luster with turpentine and apply in the usual way. The turpentine will prevent rust and the combination will make the stove look like new.

Prevents Sore Fingers.

If you expect to do a deal of sewing or crocheting fortify yourself by placing court-plaster on the guiding finger where the constant pinching of the needle comes.

Hasty Meals.

Eating slowly should be taught to children from the start. During school days they get into the habit of eating hurriedly and this habit is likely to cause much illness in later life.

The Housewife's Idea Box



To Soften Shoes that Have Been Hardened by Water.

In the summertime children will often be caught in a shower and step into puddles, or they may wade into a brook with their shoes on. The leather will then become hardened. To make it pliable again, rub the shoes with kerosene. They will look like new.

THE HOUSEWIFE.

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BRAMBACH BABY GRAND

Small in size, but with large tone

\$660.00

When thirst comes home to you, have it ready in the icebox—

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Coca-Cola
Delicious and Refreshing

Telephone your grocer
for a case

THE ATLANTA COCA-COLA BOTTLING CO.

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Ivy 1508

JUST RECEIVED

Another big shipment of those splendid U. S. Navy Bedspreads, Sheets, Pillow Cases, Blankets and Towels.

They are offered for Saturday and Monday only at the ridiculously low prices shown below.

Here is a great money-saving opportunity for homes, boarding houses and hotels.

U. S. Navy Bedspreads

59c

Various weights and sizes. All high-grade government quality and worth five times this price. Come early and secure the choice patterns. Never again will you have such an opportunity.

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30c

These Sheets are the best quality the government bought. We have thousands, but they will move quickly at this price.

U. S. Army O. D. Blankets

Special \$2.79

This blanket could not be replaced in our stock for \$5.00. That means that you will have to pay more for them when this supply is gone. Get yours today.

SPECIALS

Genuine Black Walrus Leather Suit Cases \$12.50
Black Leather Traveling Bags \$4.95
U. S. A. Hospital Beds \$5.95
U. S. A. Water Coolers \$4.95
U. S. A. Refrigerators, Market and Hotel size, \$137.50 & \$97.50
U. S. A. Aluminum Boilers \$1.95
U. S. A. Milk Cans, 5 gallons 95c
U. S. A. QMC Boilers \$1.00
U. S. A. Enamel Bake Pans 19c
U. S. A. Japan Trays 19c
U. S. A. Bacon Cans 10c
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U. S. A. Alcohol Stoves \$4.95
U. S. A. Meat Cleavers \$1.95
U. S. A. Meat Saws \$1.95
U. S. A. Jello Dishes 10c

U. S. Army Pillows
75c, 50c and 35c

Some slightly soiled, but good as new.
PILLOW CASES, 16c EACH
Good enough for any home.

Fireless Cooker

\$3.95

Does the work of a \$30.00 cooker.

Every tourist, camper and housekeeper needs one of these cookers.

Saves 80 per cent. of your gas or fuel bill and 20 per cent. of your meat bill by preventing shrinkage in cooking.

This cooker was made for use by the U. S. Army and is far more efficient than the civilian kind.

4 Solid Carloads of Genuine U. S. Army Garbage Cans

Extra Quality, \$3.95
Extra Size, A. D. rare bargain at \$3.95

Do not confuse these with ordinary light-weight cans which are usually so bent and broken after a few months' use that they have to be discarded.

United States Stores

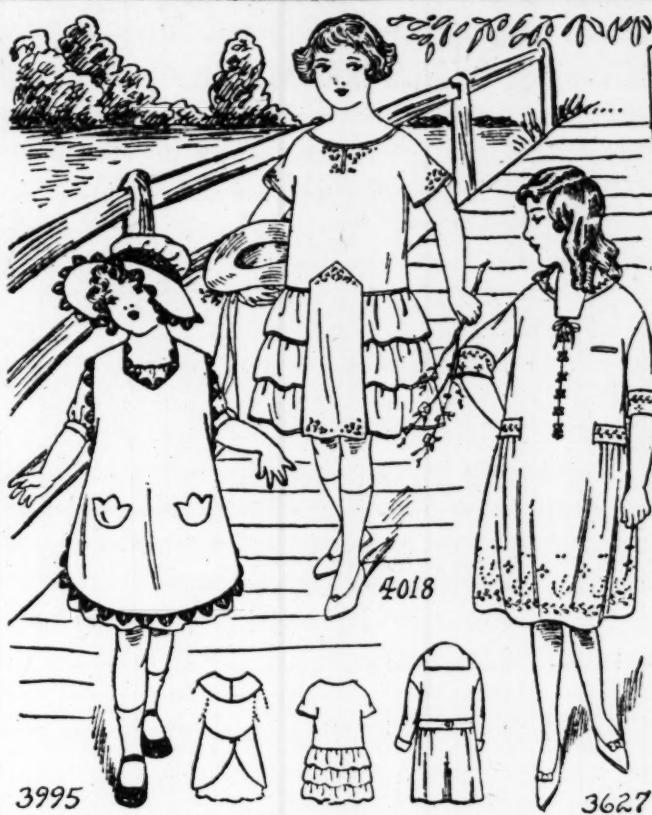
Department of Army, Navy and Marine Goods

22 E. ALABAMA ST.

"Uncle Sam Takes the Loss—You Get the Gain."



The Constitution's Patterns



3995 4018 3627

A PRETTY APRON MODEL.

will require 3 3/4 yards of 32-inch material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

A VERY PLEASING AND COMFORtable ONE-PIECE DRESS.

Pattern 3627 is here illustrated. It is a one-piece dress in sizes 6, 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. A 12-year size requires 3 1/4 yards of 36-inch material.

Gingham, chambray, calico, raffine, crash, pongee, shantung, sarge and poplin could be used for this style.

The pattern is cut in four sizes: 6, 8 and 10 years. A 6-year size requires 1 1/8 yard of 27-inch material.

Pattern mailed to any address on receipt of 10 cents in silver or stamps.

A PRETTY AND UNIQUE FROCK.

Pattern 4018 is a party frock in taffeta or "petticoat de chine" or for "summer wear" in crisp, cool organdy or Swiss, this style will be very pleasing. Yellow organdy with bindings of white and a bit of yellow embroidery could be chosen. Dimity or cross-bar muslin with hemstitching is pretty also.

The pattern is cut in four sizes: 6, 8, 10 and 12 years. A 10-year size.

Ordering patterns, write name and address plainly on a sheet of paper. Order by number and inclose price in silver or stamps. Do not mail letters to The Constitution building in Atlanta, but address it as follows: Fashion Department, The Atlanta Constitution, 1118-89 Fulton Street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

out today, however, that the expenditure of \$220,000 on the cofferdam would not affect Mr. Ford's proposal.

WILSON DAM WORK ORDERED RESUMED

Washington, July 14.—Orders for resumption of work on the Wilson dam were telegraphed army engineers by Major General Guy McLaughlin, attached to the naval air station here, who explained today that there was no money available at \$220,000 for use on the dam and the commencement of work in no way affected any of the orders pending before Congress for development by private interests of the shoals properties.

It was recalled that representatives of Mr. Ford in commenting on the house action delaying expenditure of money on the dam until Congress could have time to vote on the Ford proposal, expected by them in October, had the delay to be a victory for Mr. Ford.

They pointed out at that time that the new appropriation was made immediately available before the vote was taken in Congress, it necessarily would affect the offer.

Mr. McLaughlin, who informed the congressional committee when he testified there that Mr. Ford could build the dam much cheaper than could the army engineers, and inasmuch as he had agreed to pay the government 4 per cent interest annually on all money expended in bringing the dam to completion, work by the army engineers would add to the total cost of the Muscle Shoals properties to Mr. Ford.

J. W. Worthington, Washington representative of Mr. Ford in the Muscle Shoals transactions, pointed

out that the new appropriation was made available before the vote was taken in Congress, it necessarily would affect the offer.

Washington, July 14.—Secretary Wanamaker announced a table showing that the war department books for the last fiscal year show prospective savings in the department for that period of approximately \$75,000,000 of which \$35,000,000 "represents projects which were postponed to a later date" and \$40,000,000 funds which were "appropriated but not expended."

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The words "bandit" and "soldier" will always be synonymous in parts of China and the people of the country long ago became accustomed to uprisings of a similar nature; but the Kiangsi outbreak, in the unrestrained looting of evil forces and the wanton slaughter and destruction, is said to surpass anything of like nature in the world.

The mutiny started among troops held at the naval reservation pending the result of an investigation there, it was said, and would not be turned over to civil authorities until it was included in the bill of rights, which was signed by the Kiangsi authorities, after losing a considerable amount of money in a poker game, withdrew and later returned with a revolver in each hand and demanded that the players return his money. He is said to have been accompanied by a sergeant at the reservation.

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Women of Georgia Urge Marriage Relations Bill

When the state legislative council of women's state organizations held its meeting in June in Atlanta, to plan ways and means for promoting the passage of the bills to come before the present session of the general assembly in which the women are especially interested, it developed during the discussion as to the marriage relations bill, which all the state organizations of women favor, that some opponents of the measure had advanced the old argument against the bill, that it was unfair in its provision that only male applicants for a marriage license be required to undergo physical examination.

They do not believe the women of Georgia who sat in the way of the passage of the bill, that second, was the answer of the woman to whom this objection was made. "Innocent women have nothing to fear, and would gladly contribute this much to the welfare of their state. Other women are as much a menace as are the men from whom the proposed legislation would protect the community."

And to this dictum there was not a dissenting voice among the members of the council, which is made up of the legislative chairmen or their representatives from all the state organizations of women.

Mrs. Moody's Statement

Some of the reasons why the women of Georgia, who are the ones who have studied the conditions, the statistics which make the passage of the marriage relations bill a necessity to the welfare of the state are clearly put forward by Mrs. Joseph N. Moody, a vice president and chairman of public welfare, Atlanta City Federation of Women's Clubs, whose organization has done statewide educational work in the interest of this legislation.

The fact that government statistics reveal that 11,000 new cases of venereal diseases were reported in Georgia last year, in a local condition making Mrs. Moody's statement all the more pertinent.

Mrs. Moody says: "Last year when an SOS call was sent to the chairman of the public welfare department of the Atlanta City Federation of Women's clubs to aid in the effort for the passage of this bill—call sent by the United States public health service—the chairman, however, felt stunned, knowing comparatively little of the real facts, and dreading to do the work that was planned for her. The particular effort was to be centered in an attack of reason, or reasoning upon those men who had voted against the bill before."

Qualifying themselves with unauthorized statistics, furnished by the government, there went to the capitol with the chairman a committee of the strongest women in the city—executives of the Red Cross, Anti-Tuberculosis association, the city's public health nursing department and others.

Appalling Facts Presented

"Realizing the mighty urge of this call, these women went unabashed, with a consciousness that there could not be said to be 'down.' I called you and you answered not."

"The appalling facts were presented, some members seemed surprised and at once consented to vote for the bill. Educational propaganda is all that is needed on this subject, for the women felt that every member is man enough to spurn a pure, good woman from red to blue, the little ones of Almighty God from affliction of the most deplorable nature."

"It is necessary for a person to justify his or her existence. Many women who have the time have elected to help those less fortunate than themselves. And so have come in contact constantly with the results of venereal diseases: invalid women, blind babies, feeble-minded children, and grown-ups—in fact, with almost every form of physical and mental affliction."

"Statistics, prepared by the U. S. health service tell us that 85 percent of children victims of this terrible plague are either born dead, die young, are feeble-minded, blind or crippled."

"In our own state asylum, with 4,000 inmates 1,047 are there with syphilitic insanity. In the blind school, 500 of 80 children 37 are there as the result of this curse."

"We are discussing this from an economic standpoint, it might be well to note that the lunatic asylum costs

STEWART'S Hosiery Department

Men's Sox in Silk and Lisle Thread at Clearance Prices for Today



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at 25c pair

Regular 50c pair values

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Montreal, B. C.

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WHITE STAR

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AT WOMAN'S WINDOW

BY W. L. GEORGE

There is much talk in this world of natural tact and of nature's gentlemen. Like most common talk it is nonsense, for all that is natural is ill-mannered. It is not natural to eat from the side of a spoon and personally I find it very uncomfortable; it is not natural to avoid asking important questions, for we all want to know the answer; it is not natural to offend other people's political views, for one hates their views and looks upon them as idiots. All good manners are artificial, and up to a point the more artificial they are the better they wear.

Just a few statistics in reference to this subject which if known by our women would help to hasten the passage of the bill: 68 out of every 100 deaths in childbirth are due to venereal diseases; only 20 percent of venereal diseases are cured; 90 percent of all prostitutes are infected; 60 percent of all prostitutes caused by venereal trouble; syphilis—the greatest killing disease—causes two out of every 13 deaths; 30 percent of pregnancies terminate in death before term.

"So with this knowledge are you surprised at the effort that is being made by people who really have the well-being of the human race at heart to have passed a bill which required the male applicant for a marriage license to present a certificate from a reputable physician, testifying that said person is free from venereal trouble, an examination having been made within 15 days prior to application for license?

"In the name of our pure women and inborn babes, could less be asked?

"If the passage of this bill should hinder the accomplishment that we desire, then let us be frank and honest. There is not a decent woman in the world who would object, and those who are not decent or who have been accidentally or innocently infected, by such an examination would be prevented from perpetuating this trouble."

"So, being a great believer in the honor, integrity and justice of our women of Georgia, with such an abiding faith, a unanimous vote is expected when this bill is brought up for passage—by the people of Georgia."

Psychological Society To Meet.

The Atlanta Psychological Society, of which Mrs. Rose M. Ashby is president, will meet Sunday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock in the mahogany room of the Andler hotel.

The subject of the lecture lesson will be "The Spirit of Truth." There will be questions and answers on psychological problems.

This will be an interesting and informative meeting. The public is cordially invited.

Man, Trying to Jump From Moving Automobile, Falls and Breaks Neck

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This will be an interesting and informative meeting. The public is cordially invited.

INSTALLMENT NO. 66.

Playing the Game Again.

In spite of the ordeal of questioning which she knew she would have to face, Diana's spirits rose spontaneously as soon as she entered the supper room.

All the love of lights and music and dancing and smartly gowned people which generations had bred in her responded to the gay scene before her.

A deferential captain led their little party to a reserved table carefully removed from the orchestra. There were orchids in a low bowl in the center of the table. Diana surmised immediately that this little supper party of Marjorie and the admiral's was something with a mystery past in which Date and his late uncle were involved.

Diana leaves a note for Date when they go aboard the train.

She arrives at the hotel in San Francisco, who tells him that Marjorie is starting divorce action against him. Date is shocked, but is already discovered by the doctor.

Diana also finds that Marjorie is enigmatically silent about her past, and Alex, who has disappeared without leave to search for her, has returned to the hotel and her fears that the Spaniard has done away with Johnston, who is mysterious, only missing, become almost a certainty.

How hopeless, how tragic it all was, she thought bitterly. She had only to move a finger and almost any man would have had her side eagerly. Only Date would never come. And yet she believed that he cared.

And there was Dr. Borden.

She remembered suddenly that she had not communicated with Cynthia and the doctor. Her unexpected meeting with Dominguez had driven the thought of her errand out of her mind.

On a sudden inspiration she reached over and extracted from Marjorie's gold mesh bag, left lying on the table, a tiny gold pencil and a gold-encased memorandum and from which she extracted a leaf.

"Dominguez is here," she scolded.

"Give me a strong description. That's all I want."

"Will you dance, Marjorie?" asked the admiral.

His glance was significant. It was obvious that he wished to talk something over with her before they began a general consultation with Diana.

Marjorie raised her brows.

"What do you think?"

"Don't bother about me!" interposed Date hastily. "I'm reveling in the sights after those long weeks in New Mexico. Let me tell you, there's nothing like being away from the world for awhile to make you appreciate the fleshpots."

"There's a youngster standing in the doorway. He is one of my boys," said the admiral to Marjorie. "I'll bring him over for Diana, if you will permit me."

Diana seated facing the dance floor, looked critically at the several young couples revolving there.

"Well, thank heaven, they're still dancing the same old steps! I would have felt pale if I'd come back to find the girls off in the discard!"

"Will you dance, Marjorie?" asked the admiral.

His glance was significant. It was obvious that he wished to talk something over with her before they began a general consultation with Diana.

"I think Diana is right," Marjorie conceded.

"If we brought your young man over, we'd only have another victim and more trouble. What with this Dominguez person and the Johnston and Alex away and Ted Saunders—"

"Oh, that reminds me!" interposed Diana. "What about Ted? You were just starting to tell me that Sylvia was acting up when you remembered your engagement with the admiral. I'd forgotten all about it until this moment."

Marjorie gave her niece a meaningful glance, enjoining silence, and swept away on the admiral's arm.

Diana stared after her in amazement.

That must mean that the admiral doesn't know the trouble I've inadvertently caused between Sylvia and me," she said to herself. "My word, but Marjorie's certainly trying to make a go of it with Alex and me!"

Chin in hand, she sat idly watching the dancers. Marjorie and the admiral, circling near her in a one-step, engrossed her attention for awhile.

She realized for a second time that she was the only young woman in the past who was conspicuously absent.

She moved a trifle heavily, leaning on the admiral's outstretched arm as though she were tired.

Diana, critically scrutinizing her niece's figure, encased in the carefully marcelled hair and French beaded gold brocade slippers, thought suddenly of other women of Marjorie's age whom she had met in places outside of New York.

One of them had nearly grown grandmothers. They were comfortable gowns and didn't hesitate to have a wrap around shoulders only modestly decolleté if the room were chilly.

Many of them had frankly graying hair.

With the unconscious cruelty of youth, Diana wondered whether Marjorie would decide to relinquish the game, throw down her cardigan and admit defeat before the triumph of Time.

Her own mother had done it more years ago than Diana could remember. But then, Mary Langley had never known the thrill of wild exultant

BEAUTY CHATS

EDNA KENT FORBES

This is such an excellent season to reduce!

I would suggest that you take nothing for breakfast but black, unsweetened coffee or tea without milk or sugar, and with this two pieces of toast un buttered, or if this seems too difficult, with a very small amount of butter. If you've been used to a large breakfast and grow hungry that you feel sick, add a soft boiled egg and nothing else.

You can drink water during the morning, but not after breakfast, as it is curious how soon the system will accustom itself to this change of diet. For luncheon have no meat at all, one who wishes to reduce should eat meat more than once a day, if then. You might have fish for the most substantial dish, provided it is not fried, which makes it fattening. If you are fond of salads, add a small amount of oil mayonnaise. Use boiled dressing.

Anxious Reader:—Never use cocoa butter on the face or throat; it may cause a growth of hair. To overcome this tendency, take fine lines, feed the tissues by a gentle massage each day with a small amount of a cream made from real almond oil and beeswax and use an astringent once each week. Such cream, when made up as a trade article, may be very expensive to put such oil into it, but it is better at home. If you care to do this, send a stamped addressed envelope for formula.

RADIO DEPARTMENT

PIANO NUMBERS ON WGM PROGRAM

FIFTEEN MINUTES OF RADIO EACH DAY

BY EDWARD N. DAVIS

Formerly Technical Electrical Expert for United States Government

LESSON NO. 95.

The Effects of Capacity.

The fundamental wavelength of an antenna system is the wavelength at which the antenna circuit when connected to earth, oscillates by virtue of the inductance and capacity contained in the antenna system itself without the insertion of any coils or condensers. If a coil or wire is connected in series with the antenna the wavelength will be increased by an amount dependent upon the size of the coil used, but if a condenser is connected in series with the antenna the wavelength is reduced and the smaller the condenser used the shorter the resultant wavelength will be. In other words, as we approach a condition of infinite capacity in the series condenser by continually increasing the capacity, we approach the point where the wavelength would be the same as the simple grounded antenna with no series condenser. As we continually reduce the capacity of the condenser to zero under which condition where the capacity of the condenser is zero under which condition we approach the wavelength of the ungrounded antenna. The wavelength secured by using a series condenser can never be less than half of the wavelength of the grounded antenna.

This is not the first time Miss James has been heard from WGM, for she has played for WGM many times. The Constitution radio service and each time has elicited much praise from radio listeners who called The Constitution the land telephone to compliment Miss James.

Miss James' specialty is jazz music. She will play the Constitution listeners a night in abundance. Miss James will use the Wellington piano furnished by the Cable Piano company.

For the 9 o'clock broadcast tonight The Constitution has arranged with the Edison Shop to present a program of Edison records. Most of these will be instrumental, some, such as transit best by radio. Some of the foremost artists of the country are included in the list of those who make the records to be presented tonight.

Miss Grace James to Present Jazz Numbers at 9 Tonight—Edison Records at 9.

With the regular news and market report of The Constitution tonight at 3 o'clock from WGM will be broadcast piano solos by Miss Grace James, Atlanta pianist, who has gained a wide reputation in her playing for dances.

This is not the first time Miss James has been heard from WGM, for she has played for WGM many times. The Constitution radio service and each time has elicited much praise from radio listeners who called The Constitution the land telephone to compliment Miss James.

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ATTEMPT TO KILL MILLERAND FAILS

Continued from first page.

blundered in his excitement and shot at the wrong man. With his usual impetuosity, President Millerand drove out during the afternoon in order to pay a visit to the residence of General Lanteri, who was unable to attend the public ceremonies earlier in the day because of illness. Though his friends were on guard against another attempt at assassination, the excursion was without incident. Holiday crowds who had been thrown into a frenzy of excitement by the earlier attempt showed the president hardly as he rode through the streets, smiling and lifting his hat as usual.

To Delay Pardons

The attempted assassination is likely to retard indefinitely plans which had been made by President Millerand to pardon a number of radicals, including Marty Badine and several others involved in the Black Sea mutiny. With this in mind, Premier Poincare, on the eve of the adjournment of parliament recently, obtained authority to grant amnesty to a number of communists. It was understood that Bastille Day, France's great festival of liberty, had been chosen as the date for releasing these offenders.

President is certain to result in a strengthening and consolidation of all parties of the right against the whole left, with a general attack on the ministry of interior following. Conservatives are particularly displeased with conditions in the "suret" generally, a bureau of the ministry of interior which corresponds to a bureau of investigation of the United States department of justice, and is designed to prevent political crimes. Newspapers representing the right have already been criticizing Minister Manoury for his easy-going attitude toward political disturbers.

Nearly Lynched

Gustave Bouvet, the young anarchist who fired the shots at the Bastille Day celebration, is said to have been among those political prisoners who were released before the expiration of their sentences.

The campaign for ruthless treatment of communists and anarchists is expected to receive a greater measure of popular support in view of the attitude of President Millerand. He and it is only seen that unless Premier Poincare pushes his clean-up policy vigorously, he may have to face a rising tide of hostile clamor.

Bouvet was saved from lynching only by the quick work of the police. He was said to have declared he had intended to kill Millerand but missed him. He was a prefect of police, took Naudin, the prefect of police, for the president.

None of the three shots he fired at Naudin took effect. Later Bouvet denied he planned to assassinate the French president, and merely fired the shots to "draw attention to the proletariat."

Bouvet is a well-known anarchist, secretary of the federation of young anarchists and is due to appear in court on a previous charge of circulating anarchist propaganda. Millerand retained his presence of mind throughout the incident, even going over, against the advice of his private secretary, to congratulate Naudin on his escape.

"It is only right that the new chief of police should receive a baptism of fire," President Millerand said with a laugh. Naudin took office only a few days ago.

WOMAN ACCUSED IN BRUTAL DEATH

Continued from First Page.

the best. Come back with the sheriff. You'll be treated kindly. Your mother and sister are doing fine."

Upon receipt of this message, Mrs. Phillips produced the hammer from her clothes and began raining blows upon the girl's face, the police were told. Blood spattered all over the pair.

"I'll kill you, too, if you don't mind your own business," shouted Mrs. Phillips when Mrs. Caffe tried to intercede.

The young woman, she ran screaming down the hillside. Mrs. Phillips drove after her and ordered her to get into the murdered girl's car which was covered with blood.

Helped Her Escape.

Phillips told the officers that he helped his wife wash the blood from the car and then bathed and later drove her to his home in the railroad station, where they left the car. The police later found it there.

The husband then spent the night wandering about the streets, reading the lurid accounts of the bloody mystery in the early editions of the city papers.

He was insane when he committed this deed," he said. "There was nothing, absolutely nothing, to his charges, but she suddenly became insanely jealous. When she told me the revolting details, she was like a little child. I did not know what she was saying."

"I did not know what to do. I helped her to escape. Then one minute I would decide to join her—for I love her better than life itself—and then I would decide to commit suicide. I guess the only reason I didn't end my life was because she didn't end mine."

Eye-Witness' Story.

Mrs. Caffe, another handsome widow, declared she and Mrs. Phillips had met Mrs. Meadows, who was a bookkeeper in a Los Angeles hotel, Wednesday afternoon.

Mrs. Phillips, she said, asked the girl to drive her to her sister's home in her limousine, and the girl agreed.

Nothing in their conversation or attitude could give a hint of the terrible things which was to occur, she said.

Phillips already had told the police that he had been chasing the hammer earlier in the day.

Mrs. Phillips directed Mrs. Meadows to the scene of the murder on a deserted hillside, asked her to get out of the machine and then accused her

of improper relations with her husband, according to Mrs. Caffe's story. Beaten With Hammer.

The young widow indignantly denied it. Bitter words followed until Mrs. Phillips produced the hammer from her clothes and began raining blows upon the girl's face, the police were told. Blood spattered all over the pair.

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He was believed the trouble was incited as a protest against the recent transfer of a sister who had been directly in charge of the inmates and to whom they had become attached.

Two VESSELS SINK OFF VIRGINIA COAST

New York, July 14.—Francis Kluxen, III, the strangely calm 15-year-old giant who didn't seem to mind sitting in the very shadow of the electric chair, has rejoined his parents and returned to his native village of Madison, N. J.

The boy was acquitted late Friday in his trial in Justice Parker Court at Morristown, N. J., of the charge of murdering his 11-year-old Janet Lawrence, last fall. To the very crisis of his case young Kluxen didn't seem to care. The jail attendants reported that he "took a nap" in his cell during the night.

As the foreman announced the verdict and his parents leaned forward in an ecstasy of relief, Francis just raised himself up to all of his six-foot height and "looked upon the world" with the slightest trace of relief and happiness in his expression. The final formalities were quickly observed and Francis was hurried into an automobile with his mother and father to return home to Madison.

The best jury in Essex county has found this boy not guilty," said his attorney, George L. Doherty, of Newark.

Francis' father, John, 44, of Newark, was held in the county seat of Williamson county, to confer with State's Attorney Delos Doty on matters relating to the investigation.

Then Kluxen was indicted and a circumstantial case was erected around him.

Young Kluxen was the second person tried in the case, the first being the finding of little Janet Lawrence, in the Kluxen house, owned by Francis' father. On entirely circumstantial evidence a case was made against another young man some months ago and he was acquitted.

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CALL MONEY RATE MAKES NEW LOW RECORD FOR YEAR

**Studebaker Registers
New 1922 High Level;
Mex Petroleum Gains**

BY R. L. BARNUM.

New York, July 14.—Call money renewed today at 5 per cent, with the rate dropping to 2 3-4 and 1 1/2 per cent quoted on the outside market; that is, off the stock exchange, in loans made privately between the banks and brokers. This was the lowest rate quoted since April 23, 1918, with the exception of a freak rate of 2 per cent made November 3, 1919, for a short time, and after money had loaned the same day at 10 per cent. Despite this drop in the money rates, however, the stock market opened quiet and unchanged and remained so with the exception of Consolidated Gas and Studebaker, which made new high records for the year, and Mexican Petroleum, which advanced from 152 to 153 1/2 on news of its success.

What overhanging today's stock market was the overnight news that the maintenance of way men were again talking strike, with the stationary firemen and oilers ordered out by the railway labor leaders, and the governor of Texas refusing to send troops to the aid of the railroads. Wall street's idea today of the railroad strike was that it was like the old lady who was reported as ill and getting no better fast. However, those who believe that President Harding is prepared to go the limit with the use of federal troops if pushed, are not sorry to see the railway strike situation take a turn for the worse.

Tomorrow is the last day for the oil companies to turn in the information requested by the senate committee which is investigating the recent increase in the selling price of gasoline and crude oil. It was stated at Washington that so far only a few companies have made their reports, and that if all of the statements were not in tomorrow Senator La Follette would get busy with court orders.

To Meet Installment.

Sir Robert Horne, chancellor of the British exchequer, stated today officially that England looked upon the \$4,000,000,000 she owes us as a solemn obligation and one that would be paid, according to London cables, it was announced that Germany would pay the reparations in full and due, notwithstanding the fact that she had said she could not pay when asking for a three-year moratorium to begin at once.

In promising to talk about a moratorium after Germany met the July 15 payments France and England appear to have shown good judgment. It seems not to have been agree to burden the budget and that on those terms a moratorium will be granted to allow her a breathing spell.

Shipments Increase.

Willys-Overland report June shipments of cars 43,402 or 50 per cent over May. For the five months of this year it is reported sales were 345 per cent ahead of the same period of last year.

Great Northern's freight cars loading for the first half of the year 10 days ago, 1,100,000,000 car miles, were 23,000,000 car miles, or 282,904 for the first half of 1921. This is an increase of 53,000 cars or 19 per cent. Owing to heavy ore and lumber shipments, it was stated, June of this year showed an increase in car loadings of 35 per cent over June of 1921. Savings banks deposits through the American Bankers' association reported today after a special investigation. One of the government bureaus at Washington recently estimated the savings banks deposits at \$27,000,000,000, but the bankers' association and other banking officials who do not belong in the total.

There was no change during the past week in the average selling price of eight principal iron and steel products. A week ago today a slight decline was reported.

Reduction Expected.

Private wires from Kansas City say that a reduction in the federal reserve rate at that city is likely to be announced in autumn. Some future reduction in automobile sales may find it profitable to study today's production figures for the first half of 1922. For June the output of cars and trucks was 271,000, or 15,000 larger than for May, which was a high record, and 51 per cent ahead of the same month last year. For the seven months of the year 762,000, against 1,121,000 for the six months, against 1,368,000 for the full 12 months of 1921. The selling season is the six months from May 1 to November 1. The stock market records for leading automobile shares will show that on the average the high price for the year is made long before the selling season ends.

American Telephone.

American Telephone publishes a very satisfactory income account for the first half of this year, ended with the first quarter of the next. Total earnings were \$850,650,000, again \$83,422,000 for the first half of 1921; net after operating expenses was \$40,619,000, against \$36,380,000; interest was down to \$8,255,000, against \$9,068,000; surplus for dividends was \$22,200,000, against \$20,512,000. Dividends were \$22,200,000, against \$18,938,000; the final surplus over dividends amounted to \$1,100,000, against \$7,573,000. For the first half of this year \$5,000 a share was earned on the \$502,259,000 outstanding stock, against the \$5,889 earned for the first half of 1921 or the \$48,384,000 stock then outstanding.

Norfolk reports that only 75 per cent of the supply of empty cars for the non-union coal mines in West Virginia is available owing to the shopmen's strike; that trouble with the clerical forces of the railroads is still on, and that coal prices are climbing despite the lowering of freight rates and Secretary Hoover's effort to hold the figure at the mines at \$3.90 a ton.

Admin Mistake.

Everybody makes mistakes at times and the oil men who are rated high in the business world are admitting now among themselves that they made a great mistake increasing prices of crude and finished products against the statistical position of crude. At a very important conference just

RADIO STOCKS ACTIVE ON CURB MARKET

New York, July 14.—Trading in the curb market today was more active than yesterday and some issues exhibited good recuperation power. Standard Oil of Indiana after selling down to 107 5-8, rallied nearly to 109 1/2 and closed at 108 1/2, also improved in the afternoon. Traders in these stocks expect that there will be a degree of unsettlement in the group until a better understanding is had relative to the federal trade commission's recommendation for legislation on interlocking directorates. The following stocks in the curb market moved within a narrow range.

Goldwyn pictures, radio stocks and motor shares were moderately active in the industrial section. Little change was shown by mining stocks.

News, Views And Reviews

Stock Letter.—There are indications that short selling in the oils have been in considerable volume and like-wise was due to liquidation. It is quite possible that traders seized upon a rather weak technical position and made the most of the opportunity. As asking points of an impending cut in crude oil are not in the federal trade commission's report, it is difficult to study today's production figures for the first half of 1922. For June the output of cars and trucks was 271,000, or 15,000 larger than for May, which was a high record, and 51 per cent ahead of the same month last year. For the seven months of the year 762,000, against 1,121,000 for the six months, against 1,368,000 for the full 12 months of 1921. The selling season is the six months from May 1 to November 1. The stock market records for leading automobile shares will show that on the average the high price for the year is made long before the selling season ends.

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Live Stock.—Cincinnati, July 14.—Hogs, 4,500; pockers, 22; lower, hogs, \$11.00-\$11.15; bacon, 20; hams, \$11.15-\$11.25; hams, \$8.00-\$8.50.

Cattle, 1,100; active. Fat steers and heifers, 100; lower. Fat cattle, 100; lower. Calves, 50; lower. \$6.00-\$10.50.

Sheep, 4,000; strong; lambs, strong, 500 higher, \$8.00-\$14.50.

Louisville, July 14.—Cattle, 400; active, steady; heavy steers, \$7.75-\$8.75; beef cattle, 1,000; lower; hams, \$8.00-\$8.50; steaks, \$2.00-\$2.50.

Cattle, 1,100; active. Fat steers and heifers, 100; lower. Fat cattle, 100; lower. Calves, 50; lower. \$6.00-\$10.50.

Sheep, 9,000; active; higher; lambs, \$13.50 higher, \$8.00-\$14.50.

Chicago, July 14.—Cattle, 4,500; top, meek, steady; heavy steers, \$8.50-\$9.50; bacon, \$8.00-\$8.50; hams, \$8.50-\$9.50; steaks, \$2.00-\$2.50.

Cattle, 1,100; active. Fat steers and heifers, 100; lower. Fat cattle, 100; lower. Calves, 50; lower. \$6.00-\$10.50.

Sheep, 13,000; strong; top, meek, steady; largely, \$13.50; short, steady; and straight cattle, mostly, \$8.00; feeder ends, 50; lower. \$6.00-\$10.50.

Chicago, July 14.—Cattle, 4,500; top, meek, steady; heavy steers, \$8.50-\$9.50; bacon, \$8.00-\$8.50; hams, \$8.50-\$9.50; steaks, \$2.00-\$2.50.

Cattle, 1,100; active. Fat steers and heifers, 100; lower. Fat cattle, 100; lower. Calves, 50; lower. \$6.00-\$10.50; feeders, 50; lower. \$6.00-\$10.50.

Sheep, 15,000; top, lamb, \$13.25; nothing choice offered; fat, light; mostly, \$8.00; heavier, \$8.50; good; and straight cattle, 4-year-old breeding ewes, \$9.50-\$13.25.

Provisions.—Chicago, July 14.—Provisions ruled as follows: Pork, nominal. Lard, \$10.75. Ribs, \$10.50-\$11.25.

The Parrot—"What's the trouble between Adam and Eve?" The Serpent—"She gave him a new shirt for a birthday present, and made it out of poison ivy leaves."—Judge.

Stocks and Bonds Statistics

BY THE CONSTITUTION'S LEASED WIRE

New York, July 14.—Total stocks sales \$36,600 shares, against 783,920 yesterday, 904,800 a week ago, 381,100 a year ago and 75,400 two years ago.

From January 1 to date 144,843,500, against 95,109,600 a year ago and 133,639,200 two years ago.

Total bond sales \$14,633,000, against \$13,169,000 yesterday and \$22,144,000 a week ago, \$7,100,000 a year ago and \$9,617,00 two years ago. From January 1 to date \$2,500,409,000, against \$1,609,633,000 a year ago and \$2,106,834,000 two years ago.

RANGE OF STOCKS.

Average of 15 representative industrials:

HIGH LOW LAST

92.25 91.15 92.14

92.00 91.01 91.75

92.00 90.42 91.77

90.05 88.69 89.73

65.58 64.52 64.80

HIGHEST LOWEST

92.25 June 10 59.59 August 25

Average of 15 representative railroads:

HIGH LOW LAST

65.50 64.98 65.20

65.88 65.17 65.33

66.57 65.26 65.75

63.05 62.31 62.80

54.20 53.53 53.86

HIGHEST LOWEST

66.73 May 22 54.00 Jan. 1

60.40 Jan. 12 48.22 June 23

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE TRANSACTIONS

AS RECEIVED BY THE ASSOCIATED PRESS, THE CONSTITUTION LEASED WIRE AND THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE LEASED WIRE OF DOREMUS-BROWN, MANAGER MEMBERS NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

1922. Stock and Dividend Rates.

Total Sales, Open, High, Low, Close, Prev. Sales, Open, High, Low, Close, Prev.

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Do You Know How to Use Constitution Classified Ads and How Valuable They Can Be to You if You Study Them?

ONE MAN KILLED; ANOTHER WOUNDED

Wesleyan, Ga., July 14.—As the result of a shooting drift in the store of W. G. Johnson late yesterday, Otto McCarthan was killed, and Lawton Tinley, a policeman, was wounded. It was reported today that Tinley, who had been taken to an Augusta hospital, will recover.

The shooting is said to have been caused over McCarthan's alleged treatment of his wife, who is a sister of Tinley.

CARSON HELD ON MANSLAUGHTER CHARGE IN CLARKE

Athens, Ga., July 14.—(Special) Charges of murder by a coroner's jury against Briggs Carson, Jr., of Tifton, who has been held since Sunday in the Clarke county jail in connection with the killing of Benny White, a Negro, in Tifton, were waived aside today at a committal hearing when Carson was bound over to the state on charges of involuntary manslaughter. His bond was fixed at \$3,000 which he made immediately.

The state asked for a finding of murder but the court thought, under the facts, that Carson should be charged with the student. The case will be fought out before the superior court.

Only four witnesses were put up by the state. Dr. J. P. Proctor, Andrew Harris, Negro, who was an eye witness to the shooting; E. S. Tilton, Dean, who owned the pistol with which the shooting was done.

The tone of the evidence throughout was that the shooting was to frighten the Negro and that when Carson found that the Negro had been wounded he was one of the first to aid in getting him to an Athens hospital.

TAR AND FEATHERS ON MAN TOSSED FROM AUTOMOBILE

Tulsa, Okla., July 14.—Tarred and feathered and wearing about his neck a placard reading, "For all the crooks I am a bona bondsman," a man reported by the police to be S. K. Lesky, real estate dealer, was tossed from a motor car on a downtown street here last night. The man who was to be tarred and feathered had a bandage tied over his eyes.

Federal Contractor Fined for Working Without License

Savannah, Ga., July 14.—(Special) The fact that one is engaged in work in the property of the government does not under one immune from collection of local license tax, according to a decision today rendered by Judge P. W. Meldrim, of the superior court, in the case of Wayne Hart, a contractor who was required by the city to pay license for doing construction work at the radio station property of the government here.

He was assessed the amount of the license—\$100—in recorder's court for doing business without license.

The case attracted considerable attention at the time, Hart remanding on the government "reservation" to his home, but his malefactor brought him in the "safety" zone, with city policemen waiting to arrest him if he left the federal premises.

Classified Rates

One time 18¢ a line
Three times 18¢ a line
Seven times 14¢ a line
Thirty times or more 12¢ a line

Each issue

Above rates for consecutive insertions only. No phone orders accepted for advertisements that are to appear under "cash in advance" classifications.

Advertisements under the following classifications will only be inserted when cash accompanies the order:

Wanted—Board. For Rent—Rooms, Furnished. Situation Wanted—Male. For Rent—Rooms, Furnished or Unfurnished. To Rent rooms Unfurnished.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines.

For Rent—Rooms, Unfurnished.

Situation Wanted—Female.

For Rent—Rooms, Furnished or Unfurnished.

To Rent rooms Unfurnished.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines.

For Rent—Rooms, Unfurnished.

Wanted—To Rent rooms Unfurnished.

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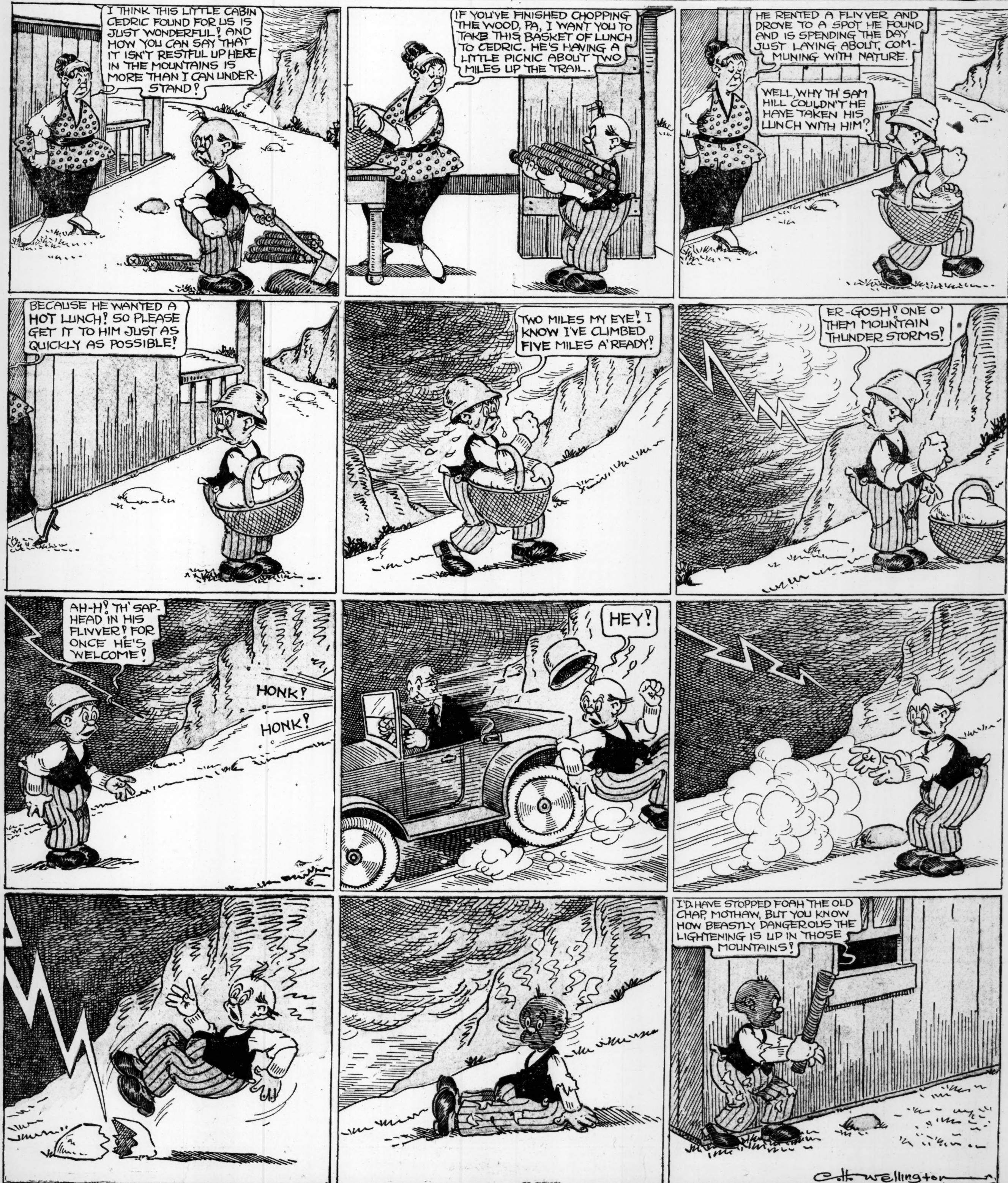
8 PAGES OF WORLD'S GREATEST COMICS
COMIC SECTION THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION COMIC SECTION

ATLANTA, GA., SUNDAY MORNING, JULY 16, 1922

Mr. and Mrs. -
By Briggs



CONSTITUTION COMICS

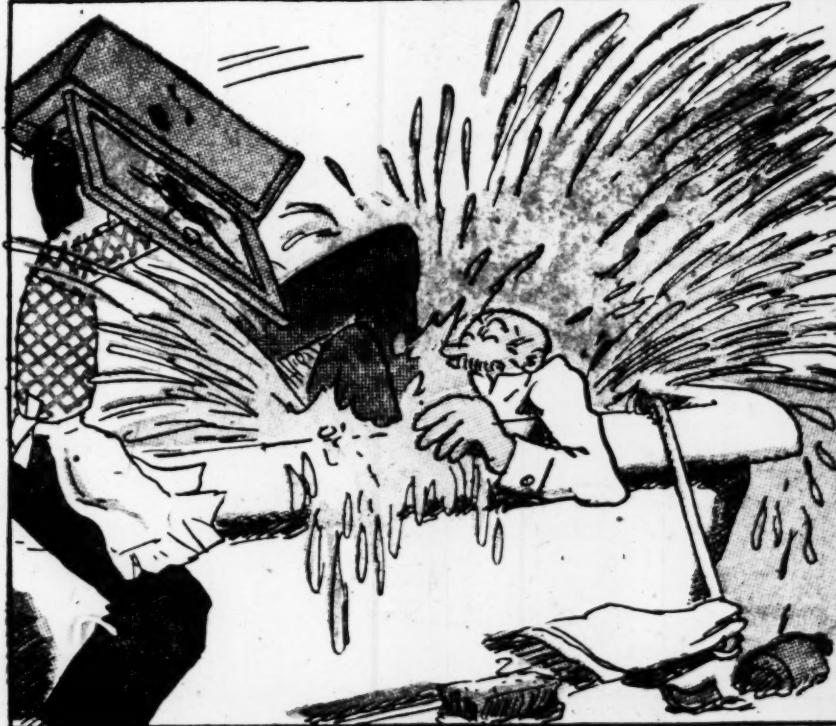
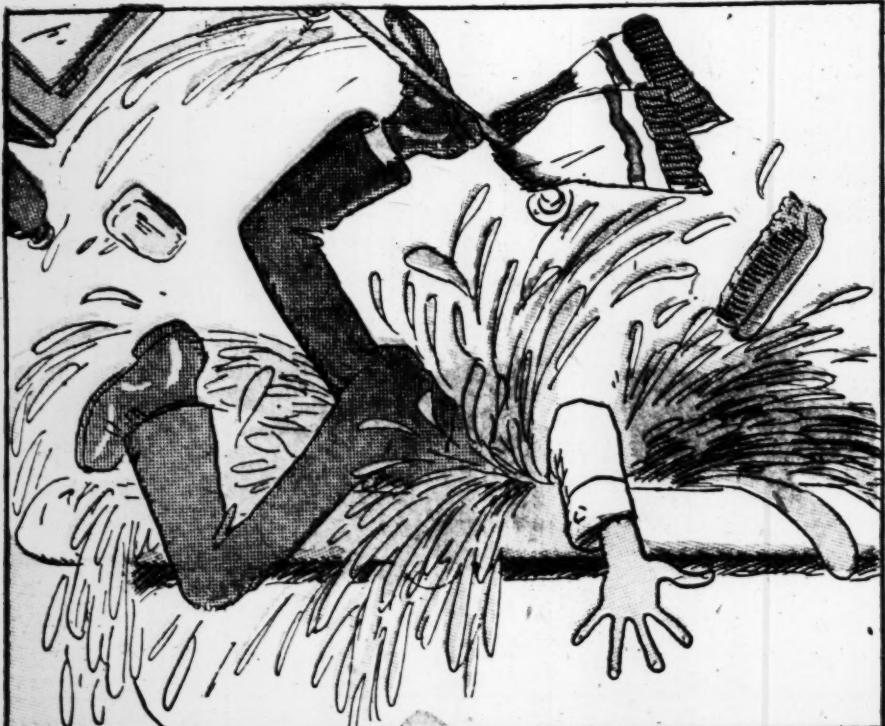
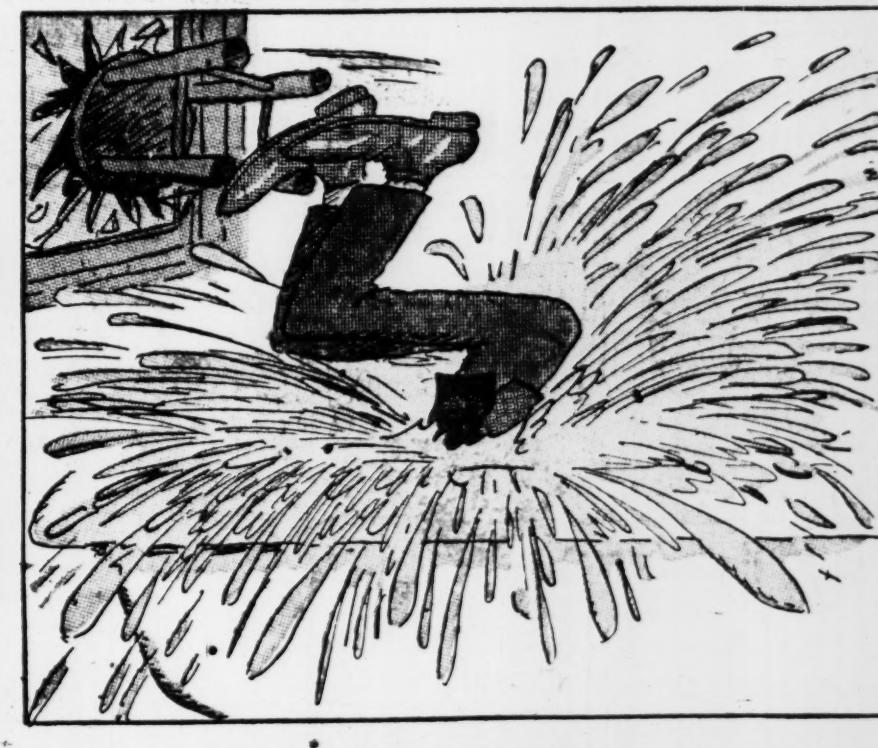
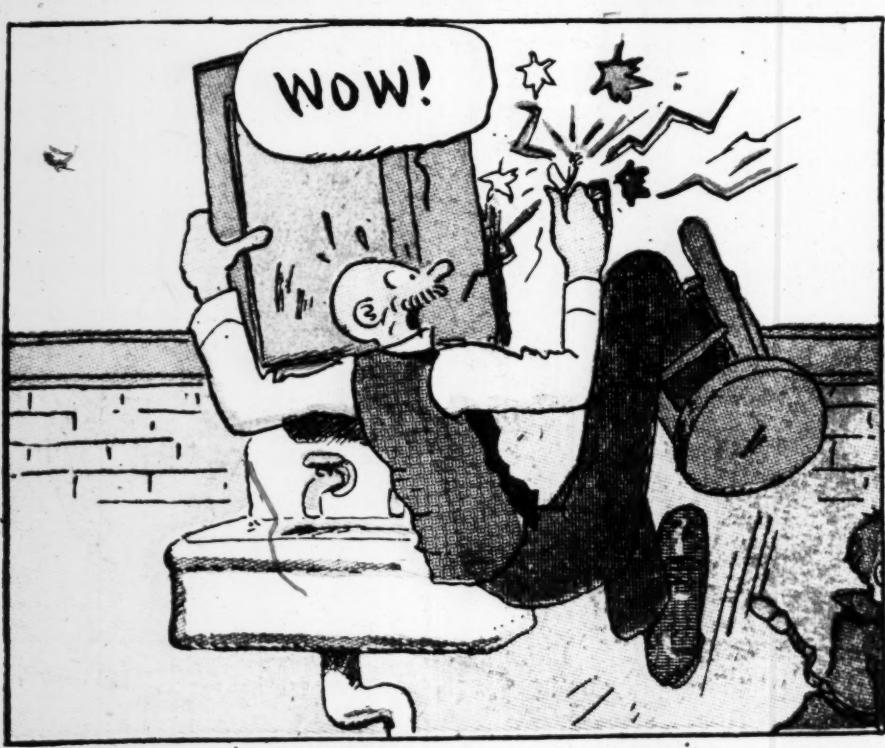
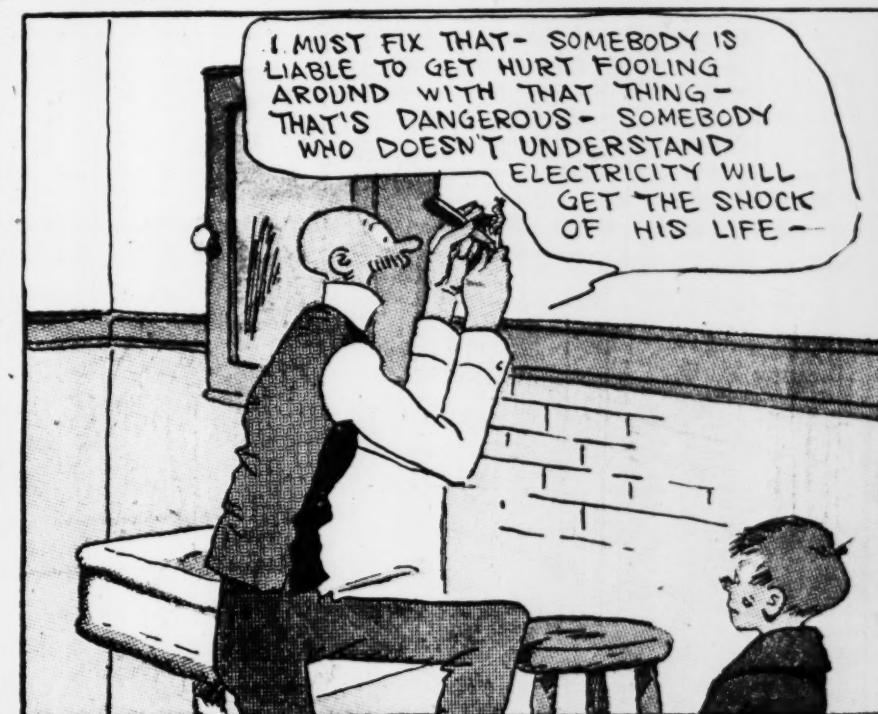
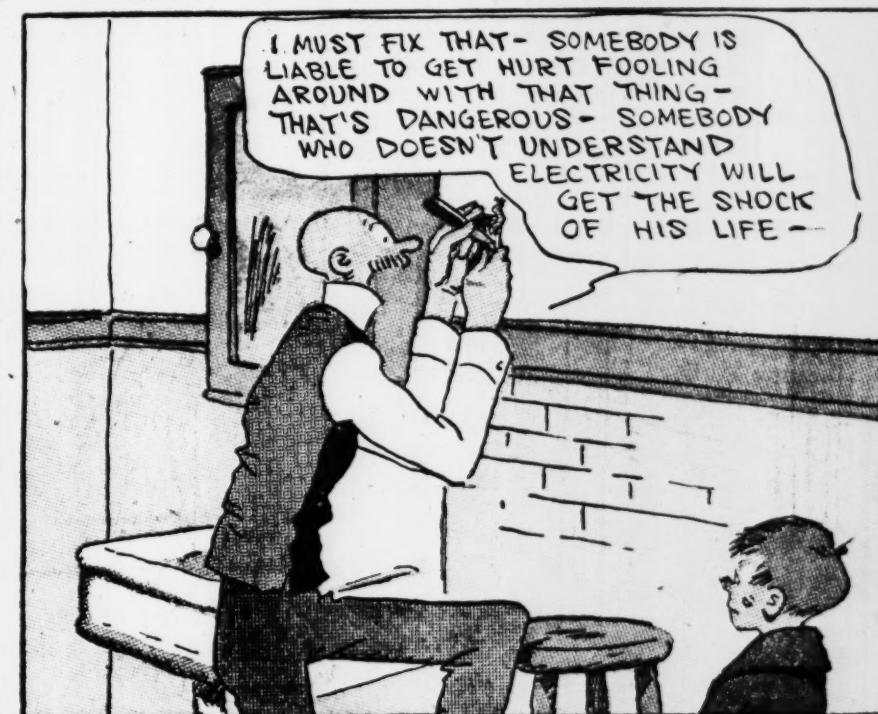


CONSTITUTION COMICS



THE GUNDS.

• BONEY SMITH •



CONSTITUTION COMICS



Hairbreadth Harry

By C. W. Kahles

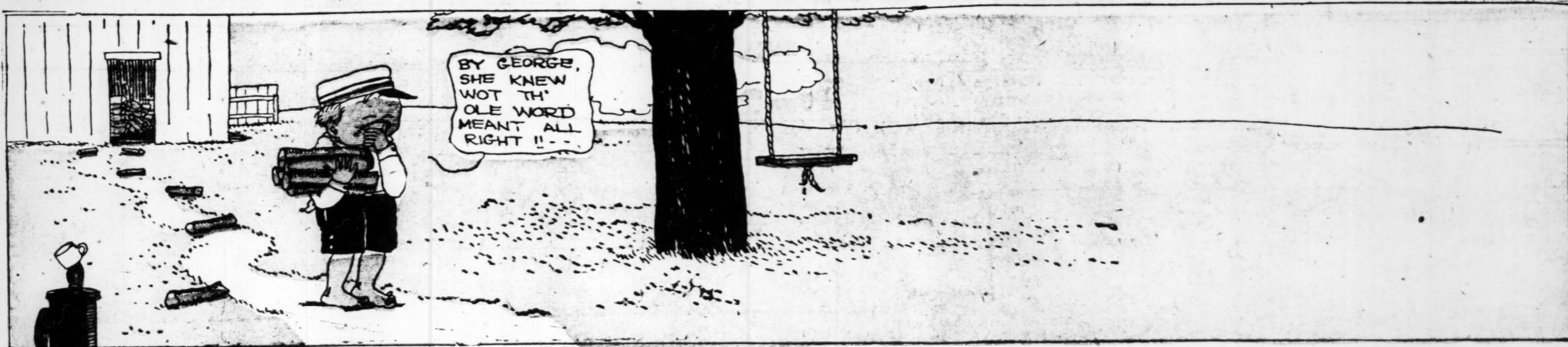


CONSTITUTION COMICS

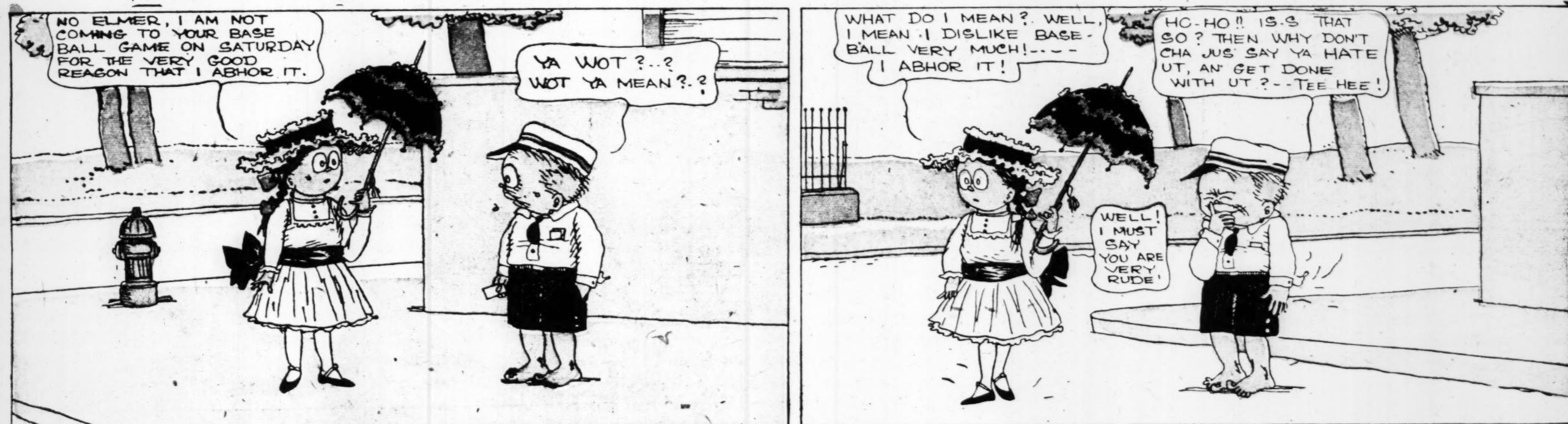




CONSTITUTION COMICS



Just Boy---Ma Shows Elmer That She Understands.

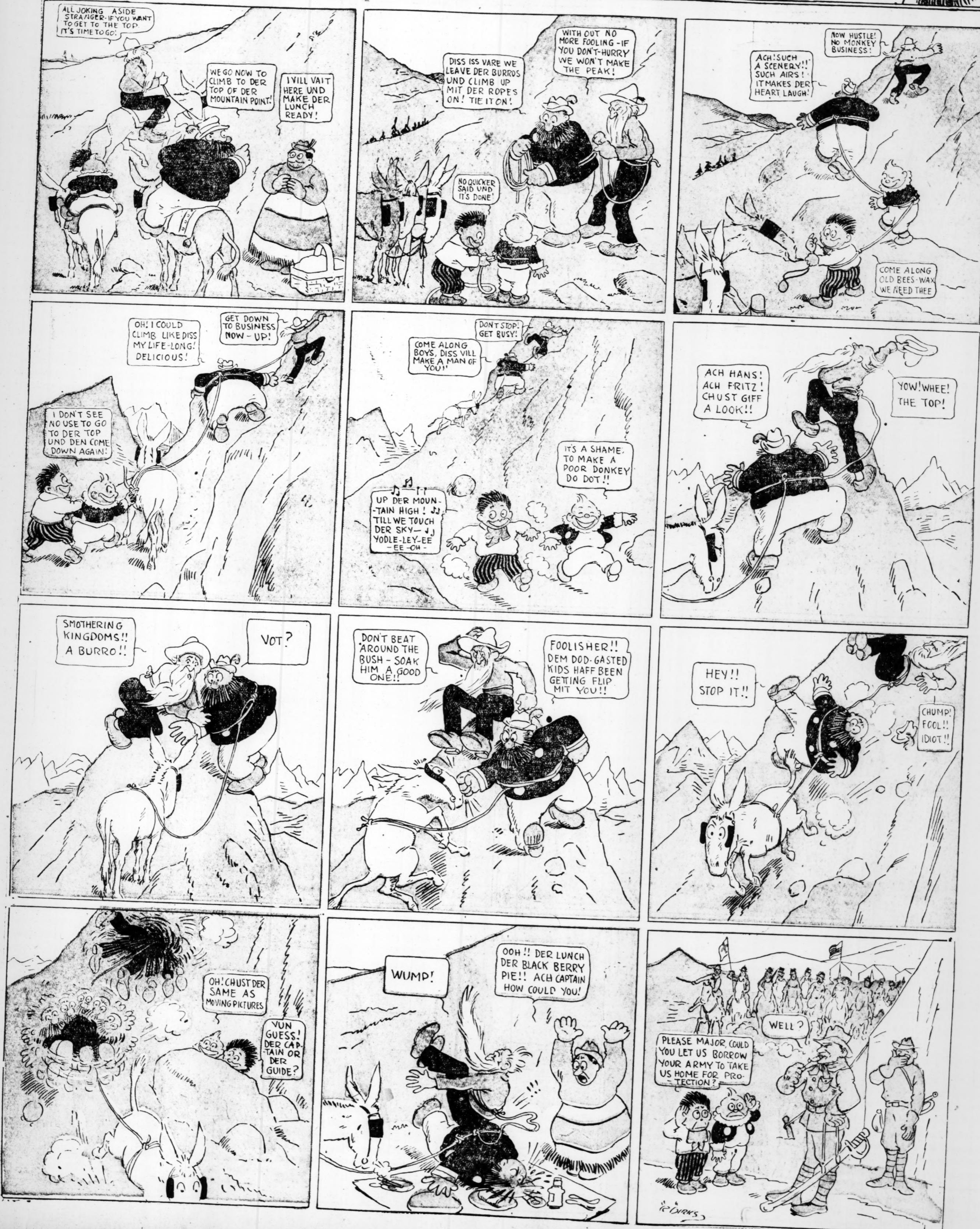


Fera

CONSTITUTION COMICS

THE KATZIES

Sure, Burros iss Fine
Mountain Climbers.



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BETTY

By C.A. Voight

